

## TAMIL NADU PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

**NOTIFICATION NO.12/2018** 

DATED: 04.07.2018

Applications are invited only through online mode up to **01.08.2018** for Direct Recruitment to the following post:

Name of the Post and Post Code	Name of the Service and Code No.	No. of Vacancies	Scale of Pay
1. Forest Apprentice (Post Code No. 1652)  2. Forest Apprentice (Post Code No. 1652) (Shortfall vacancies	Tamil Nadu Forest Subordinate Service (Service Code 008)	148 (Regular)	Level- 20 Rs.37,700- 1,19,500
for SC applicants only)		(SC-Shortfall)	

It is mandatory for the applicants to register their basic particulars through One Time online Registration system on payment of Rs.150/- (Rupees One Hundred and Fifty only) towards registration fee and then should apply online for this recruitment. [The One Time Registration will be valid for 5 years from the date of registration. Thereafter, the registration should be renewed by paying the prescribed fee.]

#### 2. DISTRIBUTION OF VACANCIES

The rule of reservation of appointments is applicable for this recruitment, except to the shortfall vacancies. The distribution of vacancies for regular 148 vacancies are as follows:-

GT-G	GT-G-PSTM	GT-W	GT-W-PSTM	BC-G	BC-G-PSTM	BC-W	BC-W-PSTM	ВС-G-НН	BC-G- LC & AC	вс-м-нн	BCM-G	BCM-G-PSTM	BCM-W	MBC/DC-G	MBC/DC-G-PSTM	MBC/DC-W	MBC/DC-W-PSTM	MBC/DC-G-HH	MBC/DC-G- LC & AC	SC-G	SC-G-PSTM	SC-W	SC-W-PSTM	SC-G- LC & AC	SC(A)-G	SC(A)-W	SC(A)-W-PSTM	ST-G	Total
25	7	11	3	20	6	9	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	14	4	8	1	1	1	12	3	6	1	1	2	1	1	1	148

<sup>\*\*</sup> Abbreviation: GT - General Turn, BC - Backward Class, BCM - Backward Class Muslim, MBC/DC - Most Backward Class / Denotified Community, SC - Scheduled Caste, SC(A) - Scheduled Caste (Arunthathiyars), ST - Scheduled Tribe, G - General, W- Women, PSTM - Persons Studied in Tamil Medium, HH - Hard of Hearing, LC -Leprosy Cured, AC - Acid Attack Victims.

#### Note:

- 1. First, the selection will be made for regular 148 vacancies following the rule of reservation.
- 2. Next, the selection for 10 shortfall vacancies will be made from among the SC/SC(A) applicants only. The reservation for women, Differently Abled Persons and Ex Servicemen etc. will not be applicable for the recruitment of shortfall vacancies [Section 27(h) of the Tamil Nadu Government Servants (Conditions of Service) Act, 2016].

#### 3. IMPORTANT DATES AND TIME

Date of Notification	04.07.2018							
Last date for submission of online application	01.08.2018							
Last date for payment of Examination Fee through Bank (State Bank of India or Indian Bank)	03.08.2018							
Date and Time of Wri	Date and Time of Written Examination							
Paper – I (Optional Subject - I) Paper – II (Optional Subject - II) Paper – III (General Studies)	23.09.2018 to 30.09.2018 F.N & A.N							

#### 4. FEES

a)	Registration Fee For One Time Registration (Revised with effect from 01.03.2017 vide G.O. (Ms).No.32, Personnel and Administrative Reforms (M) Department, dated 01.03.2017).  Note Applicants who have already registered in one time Registration system within the validity period of 5 years are exempted.	
b)	Examination Fee  Note  The Examination fee should be paid at the time of submitting the online application for this recruitment if they are not eligible for the fee concession noted below:-	Rs.150/-

#### **EXAMINATION FEE CONCESSION**

Category	Concession	Condition				
(i) Scheduled Castes/						
Scheduled Castes	Full Examplian					
(Arunthathiyar) and	Full Exemption					
Scheduled Tribes						
(ii) Differently Abled		(i) For Differently Abled Persons, the				
Persons, Destitute		disability should be not less than				
Widows of all	Full Examplian	40%.				
Communities	Full Exemption	(ii) For DWs, the DW certificate should				
		have been obtained from the RDO /				
		Sub Collector / Assistant Collector.				

(iii) Most Backward Classes / Denotified Communities, Backward Classes (Other than Muslim) and Backward Classes (Muslim)	Those who have not availed three free chances so far in any of the previous recruitments may avail exemption from payment of examination fee.	Should not have availed three free chances in any of the previous recruitments.
(iv) Ex-Servicemen	Those who have not availed two free chances so far in any of the previous recruitments may avail exemption from payment of examination fee.	<ul> <li>(i) Should not have availed two free chances in any of the previous recruitments.</li> <li>(ii) Fee concession will not apply to those who have already been recruited to any class or service or category.</li> </ul>

#### Note:

- (i) The three / two free chances referred to above are not for EACH POST but for ANY THREE / TWO APPLICATIONS ONLY. The claim for exemption from payment of examination fee made in any application which has been rejected / admitted or withdrawn will be counted as free chance availed.
- (ii) Failure to pay the prescribed examination fee along with the application in-time, will be liable for rejection of application.
- (iii) The number of free chances availed by the applicant means, the total number of free chances hitherto availed by the applicant in his/her earlier applications submitted to the Commission for any post/recruitment.
- (iv) If, the examination fee concession claimed in the application is found to exceed the admissible limits as announced above, the application will be rejected at any stage of selection. The number of free chances availed by the applicants will be counted from all previous applications submitted through One Time Registration and / or submitted directly without One Time Registration.

(For further details regarding examination fee concession, refer para 12 of "Instructions to Applicants".)

#### 5. MODE OF PAYMENT OF EXAMINATION FEE

- Examination fee of Rs.150/- (Rupees One Hundred and Fifty only) is payable by online through Net banking / Credit card / Debit card or it can be paid by offline at SBI / at Indian Bank within 2 days from the date of submission of online application, by choosing the option in the online application.
- Applicants have to register their basic particulars through One -Time Registration which is
  mandatory on payment of Rs.150/- (Rupees One Hundred and Fifty only) towards registration
  fee and then should apply online for this recruitment. The One-Time Registration will be valid
  for five years from the date of registration. Thereafter, the registration should be renewed by
  paying the prescribed fee. Applicants who had already registered in one time Registration

system by paying Rs.50/- before 01.03.2017 and having validity and those who have registered for One-Time Registration system are exempted from paying the registration fee for this recruitment.

- Applicants have also to pay the service charges applicable to the State Bank of India / Indian Bank.
- Applicants can avail exemption from paying examination fee as per eligibility criteria.
- Offline mode of payment in the form of demand draft / postal order etc. will not be accepted and the applications forwarded with such modes of payment will be summarily rejected.

(For further details, refer para 2(13 - 23) of "Instructions to Applicants").

#### 6. QUALIFICATIONS

#### (A) AGE LIMIT (as on 01.04.2018)

SI. No.	Category of Applicants	Minimum Age (should have completed)	Maximum Age (should not have completed)
1.	Scheduled Castes / Scheduled Castes (Arunthathiyar), Scheduled Tribes, Most Backward Classes / Denotified Communities, Backward Classes, Backward Classes (Muslim) and Destitute Widows of all castes	18 Years	35 years
2.	"Others" [ i.e Applicants not belonging to SCs, SC(A)s, STs, MBCs/DCs, BCs, BCMs and DWs of all castes]	18 Years	30 years
3.	For Ex-Servicemen (Irrespective of caste)	18 Years	37 years

<sup>\*</sup>Differently Abled Persons are eligible for age concession up to 10 years over and above the maximum age limit prescribed

#### Note:

- (i) "Others" [i.e Applicants not belonging to SCs, SC(A)s, STs, MBCs/DCs, BCs and BCMs] who have put in five years and more of service in the State/Central Government are not eligible even if they are within the age limit.
- (ii) Paragraph 5 of the "Instructions to Applicants" will not apply to this recruitment.

  (Age concession for Ex-Servicemen mentioned in the "Instructions to Applicants" will not apply to this recruitment)

#### (B) EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATION (as on 04.07.2018)

Applicants should possess the following qualification on the date of notification.

Name of the post (1)	Educational Qualification (2)	Preferential Qualification (3)
Forest Apprentice	<ul> <li>(a) Must possess a Bachelor's degree in Forestry or its equivalent degree of any Institution or University recognized by UGC  OR  (b) Must possess a Bachelor's Degree or its equivalent degree in any one of the following subjects from any Institution or University recognized by UGC  1. Agriculture 2. Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Science 3. Botany 4. Chemistry 5. Computer Applications / Computer Science 6. Engineering (All Engineering subjects including Agricultural Engineering) 7. Environmental Science 8. Geology 9. Horticulture 10. Marine Biology 11. Mathematics 12. Physics 13. Statistics 14. Wildlife biology 15. Zoology</li> </ul>	Only if suitable candidates with the educational qualification referred to in item (a) in column (2) are not available for selection, candidates with qualification referred to in item (b) will be considered for selection process in the respective communal categories.

#### Note:

- (i) The educational qualification prescribed for this post should have been obtained by passing the required qualification in the order of studies SSLC + HSC or its equivalent + U.G. degree (Results of the examination should have been declared on or before the date of Notification)
- (ii) Applicants claiming equivalence of qualification to the prescribed qualification should submit evidence for equivalence of qualification in the form of G.O. issued prior to the date of this notification, failing which their application will be summarily rejected. The G.Os issued declaring equivalence of prescribed qualification after the date of this notification will not be accepted. (Section 25(b) of Tamil Nadu Government Servants (Conditions of Service) Act 2016). A list of Equivalence of qualification in the related subject is available in Annexure I to this notification.(Refer also the disclaimer announced with the notification)

(Refer para 10 of the "Instructions to Applicants")

#### (C) PHYSICAL QUALIFICATION

Category	Height (not less than)	Chest Measurement not less than (round the chest)						
	(not loss than)	on full expiration	on full inspiration	Difference				
Men	163 cms	84 cms	89 cms	5 cms				
Women	150 cms	79 cms	84 cms	5 cms				

#### Note:

Applicants belonging to <b>Scheduled Tribes and</b>	Minimum Height
races such as Assamese, Bhutanese,	
Garhwalis, Gorkhas, Kumoanis, Ladakhes,	
Mizo, Naga, Nepalese, Sikkimese and those	Men : 152 cms
from Arunachal Pradesh, Lahaul and Spiti,	Women: 145 cms
Meghalaya	

#### (D) CERTIFICATE OF PHYSICAL MEASUREMENT

A certificate containing the following particulars should be obtained from a Medical Officer, above the rank of an Assistant Surgeon appointed by the Government to Government Medical Institution on or after the date of Notification (04.07.2018) and submit the documents when called for by the Commission.

Height : cms
Chest (on full expiration) : cms
Chest (on full inspiration) : cms
Difference (expansion) : cms

(The measurements should be specified only with reference to metric system)

#### (E) PHYSICAL TEST

- 1. Applicant will be required to undergo a Physical Test consisting of a walk over 25 Kms and 16 Kms to be completed in four hours by Male and Female applicants respectively, which will be conducted by the Principal Chief Conservator of Forests before admission to Oral Test. A certificate to this effect must be produced from a Gazetted Forest Officer nominated by the Principal Chief Conservator of Forests on his behalf (Walking Test will be conducted only at Chennai).
- 2. An applicant must satisfy a Medical Board in Chennai as to his/her physique, fitness and capacity for rough outdoor work in the Forest Department.

#### (F) CERTIFICATE OF PHYSICAL FITNESS

Applicants selected for appointment to this post will be required to produce a certificate of physical fitness in the form prescribed below:

Name of the Post	Standard of Vision	Form of Certificate of Physical Fitness
Forest Apprentice	Standard I (i.e., Distant vision without glasses 6/6 each eye. Near vision 0.5 (sn) each eye).	Executive Post

The Differently Abled Persons should produce a certificate of Physical fitness from the Medical Board to the effect that his/her handicap will not render him/ her incapable of efficiently discharging the duties attached to the post of Forest Apprentice, before appointment. (Applicants with defective vision should produce eye fitness certificate from a qualified eye specialist.)

#### (G) KNOWLEDGE IN TAMIL

Applicants should possess adequate knowledge in Tamil on the date of this Notification.

(For details refer para 11 of "Instructions to Applicants")

#### 7. CONCESSIONS

- (i) Concessions in the matter of age and/or fees allowed to SCs, SC(A)s, STs, MBCs/DCs, BCs, Destitute Widows, Differently Abled Persons, Ex-Servicemen, other categories of persons etc., are given in para 12 to 14 of "<u>Instructions to Applicants</u>").
- (ii) Persons claiming concessions referred to above and other claims made in the application have to produce evidence for such claim when called for, otherwise his/her application will be liable for rejection.

#### Note:

In all cases, an Ex-Serviceman once recruited to a post in any class or service or category, **cannot claim the concession** of being called an Ex-Serviceman for his further recruitment (Proviso to Section 3(j) (vii) of Tamil Nadu Government Servants (Conditions of Service) Act, 2016).

#### 8. SCHEME OF MAIN WRITTEN EXAMINATION (OBJECTIVE TYPE) AND ORAL TEST

			Minimum Qualifyin for selectio	
Subject	Duration	Maximum Marks	SCs, SC(A), STs, MBCs/DCs, BCs and BCM	Others
Paper-I: Optional Subject – 1 (Degree Std.) (200 Questions)	3 Hours	300		
Paper-II: Optional Subject - 2 (Degree Std.) (200 Questions)	+ 3 Hours	300		
Any two optional subjects from the following 17 subjects given below subject to the conditions that the applicant shall not be allowed to take more than one subject in the same group:  Group I  1. Agriculture (Code No.284) 2. Horticulture (Code No.278) 3. Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Science (Code No. 296)  Group II  4. Computer Applications (Code No.288) 5. Computer Science (Code No.286)  Group III 6. Mathematics (CodeNo.274)  Other Subjects 8. Botany (Code No.268) 9. Chemistry (Code No.243) 10. Engineering (All Engineering subjects including Agricultural Engineering) (Code No. 230) 11. Environmental Science (Code No.298) 12. Forestry (Code No.283) 13. Geology (Code No.239) 14. Marine Biology (Code No.293) 15. Physics (Code No.241) 16. Wildlife biology (Code No.291) 17. Zoology (Code No.270)  Compulsory Subject  Paper-III  General Studies (Degree Std.) (150 Questions) Aptitude and Mental Ability Test (S.S.L.C. Std.) (50 Questions) Interview and Record	3 Hours	300	306	408
interview and Record				
Total		1020	306	408

#### Note:

- (i) The applicants who have not appeared for any of the papers in the Main Written Examination or Oral Test will not be considered for further selection process even if they secure the minimum qualifying marks for selection.
- (ii) The applicants should choose two subjects from the 17 subjects specified in the scheme in which he/she wishes to be examined. However, no applicant shall be allowed to take more than one subject in the same group (i) Agriculture, Horticulture, Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Science (ii) Mathematics and Statistics (iii) Computer Applications and Computer Science. However, one may choose two subjects in the othersubjects category (Serial numbers 8 to 17 in page 8.)
- (iii) In respect of Optional Subjects Papers-I & II

  The question papers in the following subjects will be set both in Tamil and in English.

  Botany, Chemistry, Mathematics, Physics, Statistics and Zoology.
- (iv) For the following subjects the question paper will be set in English only. Agriculture, Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Science, Computer Applications, Computer Science, Engineering, Environmental Science, Forestry, Geology, Horticulture, Marine Biology and Wildlife biology
- (v) In respect of Paper-III (i.e. General studies + Aptitude and Mental Ability Test )

The questions on General Studies (150 Questions) and Aptitude and Mental Ability Test (50 Questions) will be set both in English and in Tamil.

- (vi) Refer para 22 of "Instructions to Applicants" in regard to instructions to be followed while appearing for competitive examinations conducted by the Commission
- (vii) The Syllabi for the subjects in Paper-I, II and III are furnished in **Annexure-II** of this Notification.

#### 9. CENTRE FOR EXAMINATION

The written examination will be held at the following Centres.

SI. No.	Name of the Centre	Centre Code	Sl. No.	Name of the Centre	Centre Code
1.	Chennai	0100	6.	Tiruchirappalli	2500
2.	Coimbatore	0200	7.	Tirunelveli	2600
3.	Madurai	1000	8.	Vellore	2700
4.	Salem	1700	9.	Villupuram	2800
5.	Thanjavur	1900			

#### Note:

- (i) Request for change of centre / venue will not be entertained.
- (ii) The Commission reserves the right to increase / decrease the number of examination centres and to re-allot the applicants.
- (iii) Applicants should appear for the Written Examination / Physical Test / Certificate Verification/ Oral Test at their own expenses.

(For further details refer "Instructions to Applicants").

#### **10. SELECTION PROCEDURE**

Selection will be made in three successive stages i.e., (i) Written Examination (ii) Physical Test (Walking Test) and (iii) Oral Test. Final selection will be made on the basis of the total marks obtained by the applicants at the Written Examination and Oral Test taken together subject to the rule of reservation of appointments and subject to qualifying Physical Test. Appearance in all papers of the Written Examination (i.e. Paper-I, Paper-II and Paper-III), Physical Test and Oral Test is compulsory. An applicant who has not appeared in any of the papers or for the Physical Test will not be considered for Oral Test. (For further details refer paragraph 23(b) of the "Instructions to Applicants")

As per the Special Rules governing the appointment to the post of Forest Apprentice, the applicants with Degree qualification in Forestry subject will be given absolute preference. Only if sufficient applicants with Forestry subject are not available for selection against any vacancy/ vacancies, the applicants with other Degree qualification can be considered for selection process towards those remaining vacancies.

The Commission reserves the right to hold the examination only to the Forestry subject graduates, if sufficient number of candidates in each communal category have applied and to admit specific category of candidates with other Degree qualification where Forestry Degree holders are not available as per the requirement in such communal category or categories.

#### Note:

- 1. First, the selection will be made for regular 148 vacancies following the rule of reservation.
- 2. Next, the selection for 10 shortfall vacancies will be made from among the SC/SC(A) applicants only. The reservation for women, Differently Abled Persons and Ex Servicemen etc. will not be applicable for the recruitment of shortfall vacancies (Section 27(h) of the Tamil Nadu Government Servants (Conditions of Service) Act, 2016).

#### 11. NO OBJECTION CERTIFICATE / INFORMATION TO THE EMPLOYER

No Objection Certificate obtained from appropriate authority should be produced at the time of certificate verification failing which, the application will be rejected.

No Objection Certificate should be produced in the format prescribed under para 15 (g) of Commission's "Instructions to Applicants". Any violation of this instruction will be liable for rejection of application and forfeit his/her candidature.

(Refer para 15(g) of 'Instructions to Applicants')

#### 12. GENERAL INFORMATION

- A. The rule of reservation of appointments is applicable to this recruitment, <u>except</u> to the shortfall vacancies for the said post mentioned in SI.No.2.
- B. In G.O.(Ms.) No.145, Personnel and Administrative Reforms (S) Department, dated 30.09.2010, and G.O.(Ms.)No.40 Personnel and Administrative Reforms(S) Department dated 30.04.2014 the Government have issued orders to fill up 20% of all vacancies in direct recruitment on preferential basis to persons who studied the prescribed qualification in Tamil Medium. The 20% reservation

of vacancies on preferential allotment to **Persons Studied in Tamil Medium (PSTM)** will apply for this recruitment. (Applicants claiming this reservation should have studied the prescribed qualification for the post in Tamil Medium and should have the certificate for the same. Having written the examinations in Tamil language alone will not qualify for claiming this reservation). If the applicants with PSTM Certificate are not available for selection for appointment against reserved turn, such turn shall be filled up by eligible Non-PSTM applicants but belonging to the respective communal category. The PSTM certificate shall be produced / uploaded by the applicant in prescribed format / proforma available in the Commission's website at <a href="www.tnpsc.gov.in">www.tnpsc.gov.in</a> which shall be obtained from the Head of the Institution.

(For further details refer para 27 (XIX) of "Instructions to Applicants")

- C. The number of vacancies advertised is only approximate and is liable for modification including reduction with reference to vacancy position at any time before finalisation of selection.
- D. The selection for appointment to the above said post is purely provisional subject to final orders on pending Writ Petitions, if any, filed at Madras High Court and Madurai Bench of Madras High Court.
- E. As per Section 26 and 27(c) of the Tamil Nadu Government Servants (Conditions & Service) Act 2016, reservation to "Destitute Widows" and "Ex-Servicemen" will not apply to this recruitment.
- F. In G.O.(Ms) No.20, Welfare of Differently Abled Persons (DAP.3.2) Department, dated 20.06.2018, the post of Forest Apprentice is identified suitable for the 4% reservation to Differently Abled Persons with the functional classifications, **Hard of Hearing (with Assistive device)**, **Leprosy Cured and Acid Attack Victims.** They should upload a copy of documents referred to in para. 14(b) of 'Instructions to Applicants' when called for.
- G. The Differently Abled persons should submit / upload a copy of Differently Abled Certificate from the Competent Authority specifying the nature of physical handicap and the degree of disability when called for by the Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission.
- H. If no qualified and suitable women applicants are available for selection against the vacancies reserved for them, those vacancies will be filled by other eligible applicants belonging to the respective communal categories.
- I. Even after filling up of the vacancies reserved for SC Arunthathiyars on preferential basis, if more number of qualified Arunthathiyars are available, they shall be entitled to compete with the Scheduled Castes other than Arunthathiyars in the inter-se merit among them and if any posts reserved for Arunthathiyars remain unfilled for want of adequate number of qualified applicants, it shall be filled up by Scheduled Castes other than Arunthathiyars.
- J. Subsequent claims made after the submission of online application will not be entertained. Evidence for claims made in the online application should be uploaded / submitted in time when documents are called for. Failure to submit the documents within the stipulated time limit will entail rejection of application.
- K. Correct and True information regarding arrest, convictions / debarment / disqualification by any recruiting agency, criminal or any disciplinary proceedings initiated / pending or finalised, participation in agitation or any political organisation, candidature in election for parliament / state

legislature / local bodies etc, if any, should also be furnished to the Commission at the time of application. The details thereof, i.e. originals of the judgement, order/ or G.O. dropping further action in departmental proceedings or any document that may prove the suitability of such applicants for government appointment in such cases must be produced at the stage / time of certificate verification without fail. All such events that occur after the submission of application and till the date of his/her selection and appointment shall be reported to the Commission forthwith then and there. Failure to report on the part of applicant will be considered as suppression of material information and will attract suitable penal action.

- L. Incomplete applications and applications containing wrong claims or incorrect particulars relating to category of reservation / other basic qualifications / eligibility / age / communal categories / educational qualification / PSTM / physical qualification and other basic eligibility criteria will be liable for rejection.
- M. One Time Registration is not an application for any post / recruitment. Though the details / particulars were furnished in the One Time Registration by the applicants, the details / particulars furnished in the online application for this recruitment alone will be taken into consideration. Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission will not be responsible for any consequences arising out of furnishing of incorrect and incomplete details in the application or omission to provide the required details in the application for this recruitment.
- N. Refer Annexure III of this notification regarding determination of community and reservation in employment for third genders.
- O. The Applicants shall abide by the conditions with reference to Training Course, Probation, Stipend, Security, Contract/Agreement, Study Tour Expenses Equipment allowance etc., as stipulated by the appointing authority.

#### 13. OTHER IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

- a) Applicants should ensure their eligibility for examination. The applicants applying for the examination should go through all the instructions carefully and ensure that they fulfil all the eligibility conditions for admission to the examination. Their admission to all stages of the examination will be purely provisional subject to satisfaction of the eligibility conditions. Mere issue of memorandum of admission to the applicants will not imply that their candidature has been fully cleared by the Commission.
- b) Hall Tickets for eligible applicants will be made available in the Commission's website www.tnpsc.gov.in or www.tnpscexams.net or www.tnpscexams.in for downloading by applicants. Hall Tickets will not be sent by post. Hence, applicants should watch TNPSC website before the scheduled date of examination.
- c) Grievance Redressal Cell for guidance of applicants: In case of any guidance /information / clarification regarding applications, candidature, etc., applicants can contact Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission's office in person or over Telephone No. 044-25332833 / 25332855 or the Commission's office Toll-Free No. 1800 425 1002 on all working days between 10.00 a.m. and 05.45 p.m. or Commission's office e-mail id

#### d) Communication to Applicants

Individual communication regarding the date and time of certificate verification, oral test and counselling (if applicable ) will not be sent to the applicants by post. The details will be made available on the Commission's website. Applicants will be informed of the above fact only through SMS and e-mail and they should watch Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission's website in this regard.

#### e) Mobile Phones and other Articles Banned

- i. Applicants are not allowed to bring cellular phones, calculators, watches and rings with inbuilt memory notes etc., or any other electronic devices and non electronic devices such as P&G Design Data Book, books, notes, hand bags and recording devices either as separate piece or part of something used by the applicant such as watch or ring etc., to the examination hall / room on the date of examination.
- ii. Applicants are not allowed to bring into the examination hall, any article such as books, notes, loose sheets, electronic or any other type of calculators, mathematical and drawing instruments, log tables, stencils of maps, slide rules, text books, rough sheets etc., except the permitted writing material (i.e. pen).
- iii. If they are found to be in possession of any such things or instruments, they will not be allowed to write the examination further, besides invalidation of answer paper and / or debarment. If it is considered necessary, they will be subjected to thorough physical search including frisking on the spot (For further details refer "Instructions to Applicants").
- iv. Applicants are advised, in their own interest, not to bring any of the banned items including mobile phones to the venue of the examination, as arrangements for safekeeping cannot be assured.
- f) Unless specific instruction is given, applicants are not required to submit along with their application any certificates (in support of their claims regarding age, educational qualifications, physical qualification, community, physical disability etc.,) which should be submitted when called for by the Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission. The applicants applying for the examination should ensure that they fulfil all the eligibility conditions for admission to the examination. Their admission at all the stages of examination for which they are admitted by the Commission viz. written examination and oral test, will be purely provisional, subject to their satisfying the prescribed eligibility conditions. If, on verification at any time before or after written examination, certificate verification and oral test, it is found that they do not fulfil any of the eligibility conditions, their candidature for the examination will be liable for rejection / cancellation by the Commission. (For further details refer "Instructions to Applicants")
- g) If any of their claims is found to be incorrect, it will lead to rejection of their candidature and suitable penal action including debarment.
- h) Unfair means strictly prohibited: No applicant shall copy from the papers of any other applicant or permit his / her papers to be copied or give or attempt to give or obtain or attempt to obtain irregular assistance of any description. (For further details refer "Instructions to Applicants")

- i) Conduct in examination hall: No applicant should misbehave in any manner or create a disorderly scene in the examination hall or harass the staff employed by the Commission for the conduct of the examination. Any such misconduct will be viewed seriously and penalised. (For further details refer "Instructions to Applicants")
- j) For violation of "Instructions to Applicants" in any manner, suitable penalty will be imposed as per the "Instructions to Applicants" or as deemed fit by the Commission.

#### 14. HOW TO APPLY

- 1. Applicants should apply only through online mode in the Commission's websites www.tnpsc.gov.in / www.tnpscexams.net /www.tnpscexams.in
- 2. One Time Registration (OTR) and applicant Dashboard are mandatory before applying for any post. Applicant should register only once in the One Time Registration by paying Rs.150/- as registration fee. Successfully registered One Time Registration is valid for 5 years from the date of Registration. All the applications should be submitted using the One Time Registration ID and password registered by the applicant.
- 3. For applying in One Time Registration, the applicants should have a scanned image of their photograph, certificates wherever insisted and signature in CD/DVD/Pen Drive to upload the photo, certificates and signature.
- 4. Applicants who have already registered in One Time Registration on or before 29.09.2015 shall use their existing user ID and Password to create applicants Dashboard in the new One Time Registration system. No applicant is permitted to create more than one registration ID in One Time Registration.
- 5. Enter the Unique ID and password to view the already available information and update them.
- 6. One Time Registration is not an application for any post. It is just collection of information from the applicants and giving a separate dashboard to each applicant to facilitate them to maintain their own profile. Applicant who wishes to apply for this recruitment shall click "Apply" against the recruitment notified in the Commission's website using the same USER ID and PASSWORD given for ONE TIME REGISTRATION.
- 7. Select the name of the post or service for which the applicant wishes to apply.
- 8. Applicants are required to upload their photograph and signature as per the specifications given in the Guidelines for Scanning and Upload of Photograph and Signature.
- 9. An online application uploaded without the photograph, specified documents and signature will be rejected.
- 10. All the particulars mentioned in the online application including name of the applicant, post applied, educational qualifications, communal category, date of birth, address, e-mail ID, centre of examination etc. will be considered as final and no modifications will be allowed after the last date specified for applying online. Since certain fields are firm and fixed and cannot be edited, applicants are requested to fill the online application form with utmost care and caution as no correspondence regarding change of details will be entertained.

#### 11. Print Option

- a) After submitting the application, applicants can print / save their application in PDF format.
- b) On entering User ID and password, applicants can download their application and print, if required.
- c) Need not send the printout of the online application or any other supporting documents to the Commission. The application and certificates will be verified only when the applicants come up for next stage of selection.
- 12. One Time Registration will not be considered as an application for any post.

#### 15. UPLOAD OF DOCUMENTS

The applicants must upload / submit the documents whenever called for specifically.

#### 16. LAST DATE FOR SUBMITTING APPLICATION

The Online Application can be submitted upto 01.08.2018 till 11.59 p.m., after which the link will be disabled.

#### 17. WARNING

- (i) All the Recruitments by Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission are purely merit based.
- (ii) Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission hereby cautions the candidates against touts and agents cheating by making false promises of securing job through unfair means.
- (iii) Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission shall not be responsible or liable for any loss that may be caused to any candidate on account of indulging in any sort of actions with such unscrupulous persons.

(For detailed information applicants may refer 'Instructions to Applicants' at the Commission's website www.tnpsc.gov.in )

Secretary

#### **DISCLAIMER**

"Government orders relating to Equivalence of qualification are available on the Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission website. However, if the candidates possesses an equivalent qualification other than one mentioned in Annexure-I to this notification and if Government orders to this effect have been issued on or before the date of this notification, applicants should furnish the details of the same while applying and should produce a copy of the Government orders when called for by the Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission, failing which their application will be summarily rejected. The Government Orders regarding equivalence of qualification issued after the date of this Notification will not be considered for this recruitment."

Secretary

ANNEXURE- I

G.O's/Government letters relating to equivalence of qualification

SI. No.	Degree	Eligible Equivalent Degree	G.O
1	B.Sc., Botany	B.Sc., Plant Biology and Plant Biotechnology awarded by Bharathiyar University	G.O (1D) NO.268 Higher Education (H1) Department, dated 20.09.2012.
		B.Sc., Plant Biology & Plant Bio Technology of Madras University	G.O.117, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 02.07.2013.
		3. B.Sc., (Botany) (Vocational Bio Technology) awarded by Periyar University	G.O.(Ms)No.112, Higher
		4. B.Sc., (Special) in Botany (Specialisation in Industrial Microbiology ) awarded by Lady Doak College Madurai Kamaraj University	Education (K2) Dept, dated 18.07.2014.
		5. B.Sc., Plant Biology & Plant Biotechnology awarded by Bharathidasan University and B.Sc Plant Biology & Plant Biotechnology (offered by St.Joseph's College (Autonomous)) Trichy affiliated to Bharathidasan University	G.O.(Ms)No.171, Higher Education (K2) Dept, dated 30.09.2014.
		6. B.Sc., Plant Biology & Plant Biotechnology awarded by St.Xavier's College (Autonomous), Palayamkottai affiliated to Manonmaniam Sundaranar University	G.O.(Ms)No. 72, Higher Education (K2) Dept, dated 20.04.2015
		7. B.Sc., (Micro Biology) awarded by Bharathiyar University	G.O.(Ms)No. 254, P&AR (R) Dept, dated 22.10.1998.
2	B.Sc., Chemistry	B.Sc., (Special) Chemistry with Cheminformatics awarded by Lady Doak College affiliated to MKU	G.O.(Ms)No.232, Higher Education (K2) Dept, dated 18.11.2016.
		2. M.Sc., Chemistry 5 year integrated courses offered by Annamalai University as equivalent to corresponding UG degree	G.O.(Ms).No.75, Personnel and Administrative Reforms (M) Department, dated 30.06.2011
		3. B.Sc., (Special) Chemistry semester Degree course of Lady Doak College (Autonomous) affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University .	G.O.(Ms).No.323, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 13.11.2017
		4. B.Sc., (Special) Chemistry semester Degree course of American College (Autonomous), Madurai Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University	G.O.(Ms).No.323, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 13.11.2017

3	B.Sc., Maths	B.Sc., Mathematics with Specialization in Computer Application degree awarded by Bharathidasan University	G.O.(Ms)No. 270, Higher Education (K2) Dept, dated 31.12.2013
		2. B.Sc., (Special) Mathematics offered by lady Doak College, MKU	G.O.(Ms)No. 212, Higher Education (K2) Dept, dated 17.12.2014.
		3. B.Sc., Mathematics with Computer Applications of Bharathiyar University	G.O.(Ms)No. 72, Higher Education (K2) Dept, dated 20.04.2015
		4. M.Sc., Mathematics 5 year integrated courses offered by Annamalai University	G.O.(Ms).No.75, Personnel and Administrative Reforms (M) Department, dated 30.06.2011
		5. B.Sc., Mathematics (Computer Applications) Degree awarded by Periyar University	G.O.(Ms).No.33, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 12.02.2018
4	B.Sc., Physics	B.Sc (Special) Physics with Computer Application awarded by Madurai Kamaraj University	
		2. B.Sc Physics with Computer Application awarded by Bharathiyar University	G.O.(Ms)No.27,Higher Education (K2) Dept, dated 13.02.2014.
		3. B.Sc Physics Electronics &Communication & Computer Application by Vivekananda College Autonomus Madurai Kamaraj University	
		4. B.Sc (Special) Physics awarded by Lady Doak College (Autonomous) affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University.	
		5. B.Sc Physics with specialization in PC Hardware and networking awarded by Lady Doak College, affiliated Madurai Kamaraj University and B.Sc (Special) Physics with Computer Applications awarded by MKU	G.O.(Ms)No. 116, High Education (K2) Dept, dat 22.07.2014.
		6. B.Sc Physics with specialization in Electronics awarded by Bharathidasan University.	G.O.(Ms)No. 270, Higher Education (K2) Dept, dated 31.12.2013
		7. M.Sc., Physics 5 year integrated courses offered by Annamalai University	G.O.(Ms).No.75, Personnel and Administrative Reforms (M) Department, dated 30.06.2011
		8. B.Sc., (Hons) Physics Degree course of Hansraj College affiliated to University of Delhi as equivalent to B.Sc., Physics Degree Course.	G.O.(Ms).No.323, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 13.11.2017

5	B.Sc., Zoology	1. B.Sc., (Animal Science Bio-Technology) (2002-2003)  2. B.Sc., (Advanced Zoology & Bio-Technology 2005-2006) B.Sc (Zoology & Bio-Technology 2008-2006)	G.O. (Ms) No. 104, Higher Education Department, dated 22.06.2012.
		Bio-Technology 2008-09)  3. B.Sc., (Advanced Zoology & Bio Technology), Madras University	G.O.(Ms)No. 117, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 02.07.2013.
		4. B.Sc., (Special) Zoology (Special in Bio- Technology) awarded by Lady Doak College, affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University	G.O.(Ms)No.27,Higher
		5. B.Sc., Advanced Zoology & Bio- Technology) Manonmaniam Sundaranar University till 2009 -2010. (Subsequently the nomenclature of the said course has been changed as B.Sc. Zoology)	Education (K2) Department, dated 13.02.2014.
		6. B.Sc., (Zoology with Bio-Technology) awarded by AVVM Sri Pushpam College, Autonomous, Bharathidasan University	G.O.(Ms)No.112, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 18.07.2014.
		7. B.Sc., (Advanced Zoology & Bio- Tecnology) awarded by Vivekananda College affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University.	G.O.(Ms)No. 116, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 22.07.2014.
		8. B.Sc., Environmental Zoology awarded by the Bharathidasan University	G.O.(Ms)No. 58, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 15.04.2013
		<ul> <li>9. B.Sc., Zoology Specialization in Bio-Technology offered by Holy Cross College (Autonomous) Trichy awarded by the Bharathidasan University.</li> <li>10. B.Sc Applied Zoology semester course awarded by Madurai Kamaraj University .</li> </ul>	G.O.(Ms)No. 270, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 31.12.2013
		11. B.Sc., Zoology (Vocational) awarded by Mother Teresa Women's University  12. B.Sc., Advanced Zoology and Biotechnology (Sericulture) awarded by Manonmaniam Sundaranar University	G.O.(Ms)No. 72, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 20.04.2015
		13. B.Sc., (Zoology) with allied subject Viz., Vocational-Industrial Micro Biology awarded by Periyar University	G.O.(Ms)No. 58, School Education (CC4(2)) Department, dated 01.03.2016
		14. B.Sc., Zoology (Vocational Stream Sericulture) awarded by Periyar University	G.O.(Ms)No. 232, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 18.11.2016
		15. B.Sc., (Micro Biology) awarded by Bharathiyar University	G.O.(Ms)No. 254, P&AR (R) Department, dated 22.10.1998.

		16. B.Sc., Zoology (Animal Science and Animal Biotechnology) Degree course offered by Seethalakshmi Ramaswami College (Autonomous) Tiruchirapalli affiliated to Bharathidasan University.	G.O.(Ms).No.33, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 12.02.2018
6	B.Sc., (Horticulture)	B.Tech., (Horiticulture) Tamil Nadu Agricultural University	G.O.(Ms)No.7, Agriculture Department, dated 10.01.2011.
7	B.Sc., (Statistics)	1. M.Sc., Statistics with Computer Application (5 years Integrated Programme) awarded by Annamalai University equivalent to 3 years U.G and 2 years P.G. Statistics.	G.O.(Ms)No.116, Higher
		2. M.Sc., Statistics with Computer Application (5 years Integrated Programme) awarded by Annamalai University is equivalent to 3 years U.G., and 2 years P.G. Degree in Statistics.	Education (K2) Department, dated 22. 07.2014.
	2. B.Sc (Mathematics, Statistics and Computer Science) (Chosen Subjects) in Part II of the degree awarded by Sri Venkateswara University, Tirupathi, AP		G.O.(Ms)No. 232, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 18.11.2016.
		B. Stat., Degree course of various Autonomous Institutions affiliated to Bharathidasan University as equivalent to B.Sc., Statistics a) St. Joseph's College, Trichy – B.Stat b) Kunthavai Naachiyar, Thanjavur – B.Stat c) Government Arts College, Karur – B.Stat d)Rajah Serfoji College, Thanajavur – B.Stat e) Periyar EVR College, Trichy – B.Stat	G.O.(Ms).No.323, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 13.11.2017
8	Environmental Science	Five Year Integrated Course M.Sc (Environmental Science) awarded by Annamalai University	G.O.(Ms) No.25, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 22.02.2013.
9.	B.Sc (Geology)	B.Sc Applied Geology awarded by Periyar University	G.O.(Ms)No. 72, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 20.04.2015
10.	B.Sc (Computer Science)	B.Sc (Computer and Information Technology) awarded by MS University	44.04 20.07.2010
		B.Sc (Information Technology) awarded by MS University	G.O.(Ms)No.2 Higher Education (K2) Department,
		3. B.Sc Applied Science (Computer Technology) awarded by Bharathiyar University	dated 05.01.2016

		(i) B.C.A awarded by Periyar University as equivalent to B.Sc., (Computer Science). (ii) B.Sc., (Information Science) awarded by Periyar University as equivalent to B.Sc (Computer Science) (iii) B.Sc Applied Science (Computer Technology) awarded by Periyar University as equivalent to B.Sc., (Computer Science)	G.O.(Ms).No.55, Higher Education (K2) Department, dated 15.03.2018
11.	i) B.Sc Mathematics ii) B.Sc Physics iii) B.Sc Chemistry iv) B.Sc Zoology	The following Five Year Integrated courses offered by Annamalai University are considered as eligible to corresponding UG degrees v) M.Sc Mathematics vi) M.Sc Physics vii) M.Sc Chemistry viii) M.Sc Zoology	G.O.(Ms.)No.75, P&AR(M) Department, dated 30.06.2011
12.	B.Sc(Environmen tal Science)	The following Five year Integrated Courses awarded by Annamalai University are considered as eligible to corresponding Under Graduate Degree M.Sc(Environmental Science)	G.O.(Ms.)No.25, Higher Education(K2) Department, dated 22.02.2013
13.	B.E (Chemical Engineering)	B.Tech (Petrochemical Technology Bharathidasan University	G.O.(Ms) No.178, Higher Education(J1) Department, dated 17.07.2015

# ANNEXURE - II TAMIL NADU PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION GROUP - VI SERVICES OPTIONAL PAPERS - I & II (DEGREE STANDARD) OBJECTIVE TYPE

### AGRICULTURE (DEGREE STANDARD)

SUBJECT CODE 284

#### UNIT- I IMPORTANCE OF AGRICULTURE

Importance of Agriculture in Indian Economy and its sectoral relationship - Agricultural Development through five year plans in India and Tamil Nadu - Growth pattern of crops in India and Tamil Nadu in terms of area, production and productivity - Government Agricultural Policies – Agricultural development through NITI AYOG – import and export – role of NSC, FCI and PDS.

#### **UNIT - II FUNDAMENTALS OF CROP PRODUCTION**

Factors of Production - Agricultural seasons of India and Tamil Nadu - Cropping patterns in India and Tamil Nadu - package of practices of different crops - Agro-Climatic zones of India and Tamil Nadu and their features - Weather and Climate - Weather forecasting - Climate change and its impact – Minimal tillage practices – Stress mitigating technologies including microorganisms – Nanoparticles and their aplications

#### UNIT - III NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Soil - Soil structure - Factors influencing soil structure - Physical and Chemical properties - Effect of nutrient availability and plant growth - Problem soils and their management - Soil survey - its objectives and scope - Soil fertility and productivity - Dry farming - Rainfed agriculture - Conservation of soil and water - Watershed and waste land development. Land use pattern and planning - Size and distribution of holdings - types and systems of farming - Water resources development and management - Command area development - Ground water Development and Conjunctive use - Water use efficiency - Quality of irrigation water - Its effect in soil and crops - Management of poor quality water for crop growth.

#### **UNIT - IV CROP MANAGEMENT & ALLIED AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES**

Cropping systems and integrated farming - Recycling of agricultural waste - Organic manures, green manures, bio fertilizers - Balanced usage - integrated nutrient management - Physiological disorders in crop plants and their management- Irrigation management of different crops Mushroom cultivation, bee keeping, silkwork rearing etc., Energy in Agricultural production - Sources - Solar, wind, animal, biomass and biogas - Mechanization in agriculture - Tractors & tillers - Agricultural implements and Machineries and their usage - livestock and poultry rearing.

#### **UNIT - V CROP IMPROVEMENT**

Principles of breeding - Breeding methods in self, cross and vegetatively propogated crops - Modern tools in crop improvement — Heterosis breeding and Hybrid seed production technologies - Latest varieties of major crops in Tamil Nadu - Breeding for Climate resilience varieties — Variety release procedures - Application of bio technology in Agriculture - Tissue culture & its significance - Transgenic Plants. Plant Genetic Resources: Collection conservation and exchange-Crop varietal protection-PPV& FR authority and its role

#### UNIT- VI SEED SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Seeds - Importance of quality seeds in Agriculture - Nucleus, Breeder, foundation, certified and labelled seeds - Seed certification techniques and processing in Tamil Nadu - Seed testing - Seed testing laboratories-ISTA standards for seed testing- seed village concept Seed Act - Seed coating and priming technologies - Seed enhancement technologies

#### **UNIT – VII CROP PROTECTION PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES**

Importance of pest, disease, nematodes and weed management in agriculture – categories of pests, diseases, nematodes and weeds - pest and disease surveillance and forecasting weather on pest and disease incidence - Symptoms of damages and control measures of pest, disease and nematodes of major crops in Tamil Nadu - Integrated pest, disease and nematode management in crop production - Pesticides and their use in IPM – mode of action - Pattern - plant protection equipments and their use - Plant quarantine. Storage pests, disease and nematodes and their management. Importance of biological control in pest, disease and nematode management. Weeds - Major weeds and their control.

#### UNIT – VIII FARM BUSINESS AND FINANCE MANAGEMENT

Farm business management - Principles of farm business management – Types and systems of farms-Classical Production Functions - Cost concepts - Management of resources - Farm Planning and budgeting - Investment analysis – Risk and uncertainties in Agriculture-Agricultural credit system in India - Multi credit delivery system - Role of nationalized banks, NABARD and Regional Rural Banks - Lead Bank Scheme - Service area approach - Scale of finance-Credit Worthiness-3 Rs,5Cs and 7Ps of credit- Crop Insurance - Kisan Credit Cards (KCC) - Agricultural Insurance Company

#### UNIT – IX AGRICULTURAL MARKETING AND MARKET INTELLIGENCE

Marketing - Agricultural marketing - Market structure - Marketing Efficiency - Price Spread-Market Integration-Market Risk-Speculation and hedging - Market Institutions- Warehouses and rural godowns - Agmark-Cooperatives - Commodity Boards - Agri business management - Principles of Management-Entrepreneurship Development - Forms of Business organizations - Agricultural Price Policy - CACP-MSP - FRP- Procurement Price-Policies for agricultural development - Economic liberalization - WTO and its impact on agricultural export - Importance of Agriculture in Indian economy - Land size and distribution of holdings and

land use pattern in Tamil Nadu - Agriculture under Five year Plans (FYPs) - Food Security - Public Distribution Systems (PDS) - Buffer Stock

**UNIT – X AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION: PRINCIPLES AND METHODS** Extension methods for transfer of technology - AV aids-Communication models - Use of ICT in transfer of technology-Diffusion and adoption- Pre and post independence rural development initiatives: key features, strength and weakness of individual programmes - Programme planning and evaluation methods- Rural sociology - key features of Indian rural system-value system-social change- rural migration. Role of women in Agriculture

### ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND VETERINARY SCIENCE (DEGREE STANDARD)

**SUBJECT CODE 296** 

#### UNIT - I GENERAL

Role of livestock and their products in Indian economy and human health, current livestock programmes and policies of State and Nation – Economics of dairy, sheep, goat, poultry, pig and rabbit farming; constraints to the livestock development programs, common offences against animals – SPCA, Animal Welfare Board of India, NGOs.

#### **UNIT - II LIVESTOCK MANAGEMENT**

Common terms used in Animal Husbandry – Identification of age of animals – Livestock and poultry breeds and breed characters; housing systems, and requirements of space, ventilation, water, sanitation and waste disposal.

Management of milk, meat, egg and wool producing livestock, breeding bulls and draft animals and wild animals in captivity, farm records and their maintenance, systems and strategies for livestock improvement for enhancing productivity.

#### UNIT - III LIVESTOCK NUTRITION

Nutritional terms and definitions – Role of nutrition in health and production; classification and composition of feed and fodders including forest grasses; anti-nutritional factors and toxins in feeds and fodders; feeding standards and nutrient requirements of different categories of livestock / poultry and computation of rations.

Nutritional deficiency and its influence on livestock performance; feed supplements and additives; conservation and preservation of feed and fodders; economic utilization of agro by-products for feeding livestock – Utilisation of unconventional feeds – Wildlife nutrition.

Quality control of feed, feed block/baling, By-Pass Proteins and by-pass Fat, Feeding livestock during scarcity, Metabolic disorders in Livestock and Poultry, Processing of feeds and forage to improve nutritive value.

#### **UNIT – IV LIVESTOCK BREEDING AND GENETICS**

Important breeds of cattle, buffalo, sheep, goat, pig and poultry with special reference to economic characters – Important species of wild animals and their breeding in captivity. Selection of Livestock for production, reproduction and disease resistance traits. Principles of genetics and basis of population genetics, genetic parameters. Nature of DNA and RNA-their models and functions; applications of recombinant DNA technology, cloning and marker Assisted selection and Cytogenetics. Animal breeding policies and programmes in state and Nation.

#### UNIT - V VETERINARY ANATOMY, PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Gross study of bones, joints and muscles of skeleton Gross study of heart and its conduction system. Gross study of organs of digestive, respiratory urinary and reproductive systems. Digestion, metabolism and absorption of carbohydrates, proteins and fats in simple stomach animals and ruminants – mechanism of respiration. General functions of blood (blood cells, plasma & serum) coagulation, cardiac cycle, Blood circulation, Blood pressure, renal function Hormonal control of Lactogenesis. Environmental factors affecting animal production – Environmental stress on animal performance – Green Houses Gases – Role of ruminants.

#### UNIT - VI VETERINARY MICROBIOLOGY, VETERINARY PREVENTIVE MEDICINE

Bacteriology & Mycology: Classification - isolation, identification and culturing of bacteria and fungi -Methods of transmission of infection - Sterilization and disinfection - Antibiogram. Virology: Classification, - cultivation, replication General characteristics of various families of RNA and DNA viruses. Immune system organs, tissues and cells; infection and immunity; type and grade of immunity, serological reactions and modern diagnostic techniques – vaccine.

Epidemiology - Concept, Scope, Objectives and Uses. Monitoring and surveillance-epidemiological disciplines. Pathogenesis, clinical signs, differential diagnosis, prevention and control of common bacterial, viral, fungal, rickettsial and parasitic diseases of livestock, poultry and pet animals including wild life species- Regional, endemic, emerging and re-emerging important disease. Allergic skin tests and modern diagnostic techniques.

#### UNIT - VII PATHOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY

Concept and causes of diseases in animals; general principles and procedures of necropsy; collection, preservation and dispatch of morbid materials for laboratory diagnosis, disease investigation; common pathological conditions seen in domestic, wild, zoo and laboratory animals and birds. Vetro-legal implications.

Classification of Parasites – Parasite and parasitism in animals; important morphological features, life-cycles, mode of transmission, pathogenesis, diagnosis, chemotherapy and general control measures of parasites associated with disease in animals, birds and zoo animals.

#### UNIT - VIII PHARMACOLOGY

Drug action – Pharmacokinetics (absorption, distribution, biotransformation and excretion), Pharmacodynamics – local and general anesthetics. Antibiotics and chemotherapy – Toxicology - Ethnoveterinary practices.

### UNIT - IX VETERINARY CLINICAL MEDICINE, VETERINARY GYNAECOLOGY AND OBSTETRICS AND VETERINARY SURGERY AND RADIOLOGY

General and special clinical examination, etiology, clinical signs, pathogenesis, diagnosis, prevention and control of metabolic, deficiency diseases. Ethics and jurisprudence in domestic and wild animals.

Reproductive physiology; hormones and reproduction; Accidents of gestation, livestock fertility and infertility; artificial insemination; semen characteristics of different species of livestock and cryopreservation. Multiple ovulation and embryo transfer technology in livestock and zoo animals Reproductive disorders and their management.

General surgical principles – Pre and post-operative considerations, anesthesia, asepsis and anti-sepsis and sterilization; scope, history and development of veterinary radiology; Imaging pathology of different parts of body-surgical emergencies – Intensive care – Physiotherapy – Diathermy.

#### UNIT - X LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS TECHNOLOGY

Ante mortem and Post mortem inspection – Objectives of meat inspection – Abattoir practices, methods of slaughtering and dressing; Meat Inspection Laws, utilization of by products; unsound meat and its disposal; quality control of meat and eggs and their products. Milk: Proximate Composition, milk collection, cooling / chilling and transportation; physiochemical and nutritional characters of milk and milk products; processing of raw milk and production of market milk. Condensed and dried milk, special milk and Indian Dairy Products - Packaging and storage.

Cleaning and sanitization of dairy equipments and plants; role of micro-organisms in milk and milk products; legal standards and quality assessment of milk and milk products-role of milk and milk products, meat and egg in human nutrition – Detection of adulterants in milk. Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) in dairy and Hazard analysis in critical control point (HACCP) in dairy Processing. FSSAI laws.

### BOTANY (DEGREE STANDARD)

#### **SUBJECT CODE 268**

#### UNIT - I PHYCOLOGY, MYCOLOGY & LICHENOLOGY

Phycology - Fritsch's classification of Algae - pigmentation - Thallus organization - Life cycles- patterns of Algae - Evolutionary trends in the Sexulity of Algae - Economic importance - Algae as food, fodder, fertilizer and medicines - phytoplanktons and their role.

Mycology - Classification of fungi (Alexopoulos and Mims 1979) - structure, reproduction and economic importance of Phycomycetes, Ascomyates, Basidiomycetes and Deuteromyates.

Lichenology - structure, reproduction and economic importance of lichens.

#### UNIT- II BRYOLOGY AND PTERIDOLOGY

Byrophytes - General characteristics, structure; reproduction and alternation of generations. Pteridophytes - General characteristics - Psilopsida, Lycopsida, Sphenopsida and Pteropsida - Stelar organisation - origin of heterospory and seed habit.

#### UNIT -III GYMNOSPERMS AND PALEOBOTANY

A comparative account of vegetative and reproductive structure of Cycadales, Coniferales and Gnetales - Structure of wood in Gymnosperm - Economic importance of Gymnosperms - Paleobotany, Geological Time Scale - Fossilization methods - Fossil types.

UNIT- IV ANGIOSPERM MORPHOLOGY, TAXONOMY AND ECONOMIC BOTANY
Root and Stem modification in relation to habitat. Infloresence: Raceme, Cyme and
Special types
Pollination

Types, Agents (Biotic and Abiotic) and contrivances promoting cross pollination.
 Taxonomy - Angiosperm Classification - Bentham and Hooker's system - International code of Botanical Nomenclature (outline).

Characteristics features and Economic importance of the following families:-

- 1) Magnoliaceae
- 2) Rutaceae
- 3) Anacardiaceae
- 4) Leguminosae
- 5) Asteraceae
- 6) Apiaceae
- 7) Euphorbiaceae
- 8) Arecaceae
- 9) Poaceae

Economic Botany of Plants yielding wood timber, fibre, oil and medicines.

#### UNIT- V ANATOMY AND EMBRYOLOGY

Anatomy - Meristems and types. Permanent tissues, Simple and Complex tissues - Normal and Abnormal secondary thickening.

Embryology - Microsporogenesis, Megasporogenesis - types of embryo sacs (Mono-bi-and tetrasporic). Double fertilization and Triple fusion, Types of Endosperm - Embryo development in Dicots and Monocots. Apomixis and Polyembryony Culture techniques - anther and embryo.

#### UNIT -VI GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY AND PLANT PATHOLOGY

Morphology, reproduction and economic importance of Bacteria. Viruses - Bacteriophages, Cyanophages, Mycophages, their general structures and multiplication. Mycoplasma - Structure. Fermentation and Antibiotic production.

Plant Pathology - Name of the causative organism, etiology and control measures of the following plant diseases.

- 1) Blast of Paddy
- 2) Wilt of Cotton
- 3) Citrus Canker
- 4) Powdery Mildew
- 5) Red rot of Sugarcane
- 6) Little leaf of Brinjal
- 7) Bunch Top of Banana
- 8) Early and late Blights of Potato
- 9) Rust and Smut diseases.

#### UNIT - VII PHYSIOLOGY, BIOCHEMISTRY AND BIOPHYSICS

Physiology - Water relations of plants - absorption and translocation of water and minerals - mineral nutrition - Photosynthesis, Photochemical reactions and carbon fixation pathways - Respiratory metabolism: aerobic and anaerobic respiration. Enzymes: Role as biocatalysts - Nitrogen Metabolism: Nitrogen cycle - Nitrogen fixation - Nitrate reduction. Plant growth substances chemical nature and physiological functions of auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins, ethylene, abscissic acid and Brassinosteroids.

Biochemistry and Biophysics

Biopolymers - A brief account of Carbohydrates, Lipids, Proteins and Nucleic acids and their monomers. An elementary account of thermodynamics - definition of energy - structure and role of ATP.

#### UNIT - VIII CYTOLOGY, GENETICS AND EVOLUTION

Cytology - Organization of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells. Cell organelles - structure and function. Chromosomes: morphology structure and their role. Cell division: Mitosis and Meiosis.

Genetics - Medelism - Interaction factors - linkage and crossing over, multiple, alleles, mutation, structure, replication and role of nucleic acids.

Evolution- Origin of life: Theories of evolution Darwin, Lamarck and De Vries.

#### UNIT -IX ECOLOGY, ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION BIOLOGY

Ecology: Ecosystem concept - Plant communities: Hydrophytes, Xerophytes, Mangroves. Plant sucession primary and secondary - Climax formation.

Environment: water, air and land, Garbage disposal, Environmental Protection Agencies, Pollution monitoring and control.

Ecosystem: Components and functions – Global warming, Green house effect, Ozone Layer Depletion

Conservation Biology: Conservation and sustainable development/ Productivity of Soil, forests and natural resources.

#### UNIT-X HORTICULTURE AND PLANT BREEDING

Horticulture: Importance and scope of Horticulture, Classification of Horticultural Plants - Fruits, Vegetables and Ornamentals.

Garden design and types:- Rockery, Bonsai, Kitchen garden, Lawn making, Floriculture. Cultivation of Commercial Flowers – Jasmine; plant propagation methods - cutting, grafting, layering (Rose) budding, stock - scion relations in Mango,

Plant Breeding: Hybridization techniques Plant breeding methods employed in the following crops:-

- 1) Cotton
- 2) Sugarcane
- 3) Paddy

### CHEMISTRY (DEGREE STANDARD)

#### **SUBJECT CODE .243**

#### **UNIT - I PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY**

- a) Gas law and Kinetic Theory:- Ideal gas equation Deviation from ideal behaviour vander waals equation for real gases Molecular velocities the Maxwell's distribution of molecular velocities -heat capacity and viscosity of gases.
- b) Solid State:- Crystal systems Bravaislattice Unit Cell Miller Indices Symmetry elements in crystals Bragg's equation Radius ratio's and packing in crystals Determination of crystal structures by Braggs method structure of Nacl, Kcl, Zns and spinals.
- c) Thermodynamics:- Intensive and extensive variables First law of thermodynamics CP and CV relation Hess's law of constant heat summation Kirchoff's equation Second law of thermodynamics Carnot theorem entropy and probability, Joule Thomson effect Free energy and Chemical equilibrium Temperature and pressure dependence and Gibb's and Helmholtz functions Heterogeneous equilibrium and Le Chatlier principle.

#### UNIT - II

- d) Chemical Kinetics:- Rate laws rate constant order and molecularity of reactions I, II, III, and Zero order reaction Arrhenius theory collision theory and Transition state theory catalysis.
- e) Electro-Chemistry:- Types of reversible electrodes Nernst equation reference electrode and standard hydrogen electrode computation of cell e.m.f. calculations of thermodynamic quantities of cell reactions (DG, DH, DS and K) Over potential and hydrogen over voltage Arrhenius theory Debye 'Huckel equation Kohliraush's law Ostwald's dilution law Determination of PH and Pka of acids by potentiometric methods.

#### UNIT - III

- f) Chemical spectroscopy:- Elementary ideas of microwave, infrared, Raman, uv, NMR, ESR and Mass spectroscopy.
- g) Pharmaceutical chemistry: Terminology pharmacology, pharmacotheraies, toxicology, chemotherapy, classification, and nomenclature of drugs, sources of drugs, assay of drugs by biological, chemical and immunological methods, physiological effects of functional groups of drugs different types of drugs like analgesics, antibiotics, antiseptics, disinfectants, anesthetics, antidepressants, antipsychotic etc.

#### **UNIT - IV**

- h) Colloids and surface Chemistry: Classification preparation, purification properties Tyndall effect- Gels Emulsions Absorption Langmuir isotherms Heterogeneous catalysis.
- i) Physical properties and Chemical constitution:- Surface tension parachor and its application

to structural problems – Dipole moment - applications of dipolemoment measurements to structural studies of simple inorganic and organic molecules - magnetic properties of matter, diamagnetism, paramagnetism, ferromagnetism and anti-ferromagnetism - Applications to structural problems.

#### **UNIT- V INORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

- j) Periodic classification:- Classification based on electronic configuration periodic properties atomic and ionic radii, ionisation potential, electron affinity and electronegativity- various scales trend along periods and groups.
- k) Chemical bond:- Lattice energy VSEPR Theory and its applications partial ionic character from electronegativity Fajan's Rules.
- I) Compounds of Boron:- Electron deficient nature of boron compounds preparation and properties of halides and nitrates of boron diborane Borazine, silicones and structures of silicates

#### UNIT - VI

- I) Lanthenides and Actinides- Ocurrence Electronic configuration oxidation state, magnetic properties and complexation behaviour comparison of lanthanides and actinides, lanthanide contraction and their position in the periodic table.
- m)Fertilisers:- Ammonium nitrate, ammonium phosphate, Superphosphate and Diammonium Phosphate, NPK fertilisers.
- n)Nuclear Chemistry:- Radio activity detection and measurement half life period Nuclear stability, n/p ratio isotopes, isobars and isotones Nuclear reactions Spallation Nuclear fission and fusion stellar energy uses of nuclear energy nuclear power projects in India applications of tracers in industry, medicine, agriculture.

#### UNIT - VII

- o) Co-ordination Chemistry:- Redo Nomenclature theories of co-ordination compounds Werner, valence bond, crystal field and ligand field theories Effective atomic number isomerism Metal Carbonyls of iron and Nickel.
- p) Analytical Chemistry:- i) Principles of volumetric analysis different types of titrations gravimetric analysis separation and purification techniques.

#### UNIT - VIII ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

- q) Types of reactions:- Nucleophilic, electrophilic, free radicals, addition and elimination reactions.
- r) Electron displacement effects:- Inductive, inductometric, electromeric, mesomeric, resonance, hyperconjugation and steric effects.

#### UNIT - IX

- s) Nature of Bonding:- Hybridisation (Sp, Sp2 & Sp3) and Geometry of molecule cleavage of bonds homolytic and heterolytic fission of carbon carbon bonds Reaction intermediates free radicals, carbocations and carbonions their stability.
- t) Stereo Chemistry:- Optical isomerism and Geometrical isomerism chirality optical isomerism of lactic and tartaric acid Racemisation Resolution Asymmetric synthesis walden inversion cis and trans isomerism of maleic and fumeric acids R-S-Notations conformational analysis of cyclohexane applications of ORD and CD Techniques.

#### UNIT - X

- u) Dyes:- Classification and Properties of dyes methyl orange, cangored, malachite green, fluorenscein and indigo.
- v) Carbon hydrates:- Classification and reactions Glucose, Fructose, Sucrose and lactose structure of glucose and fructose.
- w) Aromatic Substitution:- Mechanism of nitration, Halogenation, sulphoration and Friedel Crafts reaction Orientation effects nucleophilic substitution Benzyne mechanism.

### COMPUTER APPLICATIONS (DEGREE STANDARD)

**SUBJECT CODE 288** 

#### **UNIT - I BASIC MATHEMATICS**

Prepositional logic sets, relations, functions, partial orders, matrix, algebra, integration, differentiation.

#### **UNIT - II DIGITAL COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS**

Number systems - Decimal, Binary, Octal, Hexadecimal - Conversion from one to another - Characters and codes - ASCII code, Excess-3 code, gray code - Binary addition, subtraction, multiplication and division - Unsigned binary numbers - Signed magnitude numbers - Complements in number systems - Truth tables, AND, OR, NOT, NOR & NAND gates, EXOR gates - Parity generators and checkers.

Boolean Algebra and Digital Circuits: Boolean laws and theorems - De Morgan's theorems - Duality theorem - Simplification of sum of 2 product and product of sum expressions - Karnaugh map and simplifications - Simple arithmetic circuits - Half and Full adders - Binary adder/subtracter - BCD adder - Data processing circuits - Multiplexers - Demultiplexers - Encoders and Decoders.

Operating Systems: Types - Scheduling algorithms, Memory Management - Requirements - Partitioning - Paging - Segmentation - Virtual memory

#### UNIT - III PROGRAMMING IN C AND C++

Data Types - Variables - Operators - Control structures - Looping structures - Arrays - Strings - Built-in-functions. Function - Scope of Variables - Advanced features of functions. Pointer - Pointers to Array - Pointer Array - Pointer Arithmetic - Pointer of Pointer - Functions and Pointers - Structures and Pointers - Dynamic Allocation - Function pointer.

C++ Objects - Classes - Inheritance-reusability - Creating new data types - Polymorphism and overloading.

#### UNIT – IV MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS

Fundamentals of Information System – Overview of Information of System Solving Business Problems with Information Systems: System Approach to Problem Solving – Developing Information System Solution – Information Systems for Strategic — Advantages – Fundamentals of Strategic Advantage - Strategic Applications and Issues in It; Managing IT: Enterprise and Global Management.

Business applications of Information Technology: The Internet and Electronic Commerce – Fundamentals of Electronic Commerce – Information System for Business Operations: Business Information System – Transaction – processing Systems. Information systems for Managerial Decision Support: Decision Support Systems – Artificial Intelligence technology in Business – Managing IT – Planning for Business change with IT – Implementing business change with IT – Security & Control Issues in I/S – Ethical and societal challenges of Information Technology.

#### **UNIT - V COMPUTER NETWORKS**

Introduction to Computer Networks and Data Communication: Need for computer networks - evolution - Data Communication - Data Transmission - Transmission media - Classification of Networks - Switching and Routing - Routing - Multiplexing and Concentration Concentrator - Terminal Handling - Components of a Computer Network. Network Standards and OSI - Need for network standard - OSI reference model - Physical layer - Data link layer - Network layer - Transport layer - Session layer - Application layer.

#### **UNIT - VI FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASES**

Early Information Systems - Problems with Early Information Systems - Organization of Data Base - Components of Data Base Management System-Data Models - Entity - Relationship Model - Network Data Model, Hierarchical Data Model - Semantic Data Modelling. File Organization - Sequential file organization - The indexed sequential file organization - Creation and manipulating of indexed sequential file - Hashing - Key-to-address transformation. Relational Data Model: Introduction - Basic definition and terminology - Relational algebra.

#### **UNIT – VII OFFICE AUTOMATION**

Features of MS – Windows, Control Panel, Taskbar, Desktop, Windows Application, Icons, Windows Accessories, Notepad, Paintbrush.

Editors and Word Processors: Basic Concepts, Examples: MS-Word, Introduction to desktop publishing.

Spreadsheets and Database packages: Purpose, usage, command, MS-Excel, Creation of files in MS-Access, Switching between application, MS-Power Point.

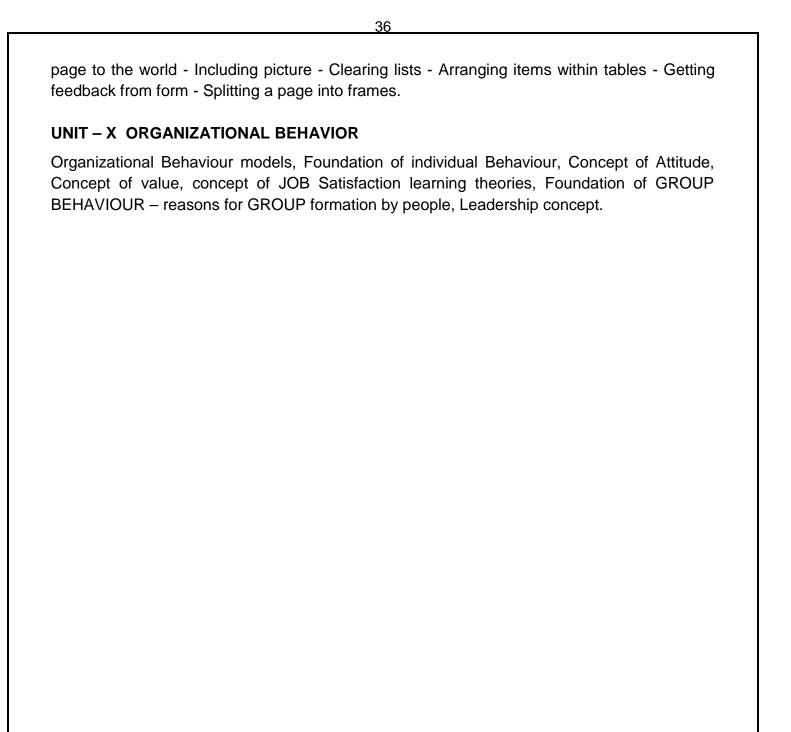
#### **UNIT – VII MULTIMEDIA AND APPLICATIONS**

Uses of Multimedia – Introduction to making multimedia – Multimedia skills. Multimedia hardware and software – Connections – Memory and storage devices – Input devices – Output devices – Communication devices. Basic software tools – Text editing and word processing tools – Painting and drawing tools – 3-D modelling and animation tools – Image editing tools – Animation, video and digital movie tools. Making instant multimedia – Multimedia authoring tools. Multimedia Building Blocks – Text – Sound – Multimedia System Sounds – MIDI versus Digital Audio – Digital Audio – Making MIDI Audio – Audio File Formats – Production tips - Images – Animation - Video.

#### **UNIT - IX WEB TECHNOLOGIES**

The world wide web: Browsing the Web - Web address - Web browser basics - Strong and managing (book marks) - Surfing the web with web browser - Searching the web directory - Search engines - Navigation tools.

Email: Sending - Reading - Replying - Deleting - Exiting - Sending Mail to more than one person sending folder - Forwarding a mail - Checking the spelling - Attachments. HTML: Overview of HTML - Adding structure to a page formatting text and pages - Linking



# COMPUTER SCIENCE (DEGREE STANDARD)

#### **SUBJECT CODE 286**

#### **UNIT - I MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS**

Prepositional logic sets, relations, functions, partial orders and lattices, regular and context free languages, finite state machines and pushdown automata.

#### **UNIT - II COMPUTER ORGANIZATION**

Function organization, machine instructions, addressing modes, introduction to microprocessors, study of 8085/8086 communication between processor and I/O via DMA and interrupt priority, I/O processors, problems associated with bus scheduling. Micro computer memory, virtual memory, basic concepts, problems of virtual memory, page replacements algorithms, cache memory, associative memory.

Fundamentals of parallel processing and its necessity pipelined processors and multiprocessors.

#### UNIT - III DATA STRUCTURES IN C

Data types, control statements, procedures, Scope rules, arrays and records, enumerated data types, sets, pointers, recursion. Sequential, indexed files, sorting and merging report generations. Arrays, queues, linked lists, stacks, tree traversal, evaluation of expressions using postfix notation, sorting algorithms, bubble sort, quick sort, heap sort, complexity of algorithms.

#### UNIT - IV SYSTEMS SOFTWARE

Editors, loaders, linkers, assemblers, phases of a compiler and their function, lexical analysers and parsers, parsing techniques, symbol table, code generation.

Batch, Multi-programming and time sharing systems, processor memory, device and file management, virtual memory, process scheduling, inter process communication, I/O redirection, process synchronization and concurrency, deadlocks, prevention, avoidance, detection and recovery, auxiliary storage management, file system functions and its hierarchy.

#### **UNIT - V DATABASE SYSTEMS**

File organisation techniques: indexing, relational and network data models, study of ORACLE as a relational DBMS. Data dictionary, normal forms and query languages.

#### **UNIT - VI COMPUTER NETWORKS**

Data communication concepts, concepts of LAN, evolution of LAN, OSI - 7 layer reference model and design issues. Physical layer-transmission media, packet and circuit switching, topologies, Data link layer, token passing, sliding window protocols, protocols specification and verification, network layer, routing, congestion control, transport layer, session and presentation layers, design issues, application layer, file transfer, electronic mail.

#### **UNIT – VII SOFTWARE ENGINEERING**

Systems analysis, detailed analysis, feasibility study, tools for system designer, input and output design, program definition, module design and design review, structured programming and conversion, testing, training and documentation, systems life cycle, role of System Analyst. Tools for office Automation, word processing Spreadsheets, Financial and Statistical packages, payroll, inventory, picture generation and display in computers, Multimedia systems, Application of computers in Government, Defence, Agriculture, Medicine and Education.

#### **UNIT - VIII COMPUTER GRAPHICS**

Introduction – Point plotting techniques – Line drawing displays – Two dimensional displays – Clipping and Windowing. Graphics package – Segmented display files – Display file compilation – Geometric models – Picture structure. Graphical input units – graphical input techniques – Event handling – Input functions. Raster graphics fundamentals – Solid area scan conversion – Interactive raster graphics – Raster graphics systems – Raster display hardware. Two dimensional and three dimensional transformations.

### UNIT- IX OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING (C++ & JAVA)

C ++ and Java programming, objects and data, derived types, loops and relational expressions, branching statements and logical operators, functions, objects and classes, operator overloading, conversion of functions, dynamic memory and classes, class inheritence, input/ output and files, benefits of OOP, object oriented system development tools.

#### **UNIT-X WEB TECHNOLOGIES**

The world wide web: Browsing the Web - Web address - Web browser basics - Strong and managing(book marks) - Surfing the web with web browser - Searching the web directory - Search engines - Navigation tools.

Email: Sending - Reading - Replying - Deleting - Exiting - Sending Mail to more than one person sending folder - Forwarding a mail - Checking the spelling - Attachments. HTML: Overview of HTML - Adding structure to a page formatting text and pages - Linking page to the world - Including picture - Clearing lists - Arranging items within tables - Getting feedback from form - Splitting a page into frames.

# ENGINEERING (DEGREE STANDARD)

SUBJECT CODE 230

#### **UNIT-I MATHEMATICS**

Matrices: Eigenvalues - Eigenvectors - Cayley-Hamilton theorem -Similar and Orthogonal transformations - Reduction of a quadratic form to Canonical form by orthogonal transformation.

Ordinary differential equations: Order and degree – Types of Equations –Higher order linear ODE with constant coefficients - Method of variation of parameters – Cauchy's and Legendre's linear equations – Simultaneous first order linear equations with constant coefficient.

Functions of several variables: Partial derivatives – Total derivatives – Euler's theorem – Implicit functions–Jacobians– Taylor's theorem – Maxima and Minima.

Integration: Techniques of integration using integration by parts and Bernoulli's formula – Line, Surface and Volume Integrals – Change of order of integration.

Vector Calculus: Vectors and scalars – Directional derivatives – Gradient, Divergence and Curl of vectors – Applications of Green's theorem, Gauss divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem.

Complex variables: Verification of Analyticity – Construction of Analytic functions – Conformal Mappings – Bilinear transformations.

Complex Integration: Cauchy's integral theorem – Cauchy's fundamental theorem – Cauchy's residue theorem – Taylor's theorem – Laurent's series–Contour integration (excluding poles on the real axis)

Laplace transform: Existence of Laplace transform – Laplace transform of elementary functions— Properties – Laplace transform of Periodic functions – Inverse Laplace transform – Convolution theorem – Solution of linear second order ODE by Laplace transform technique.

#### **UNIT - II ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

Newton's laws of motion – gravitation – work, energy and power - elasticity – moduli of elasticity and their determination-sound intensity level – reverberation – ultrasonics: production and detection - thermal conductivity and expansion - flow of heat-thermodynamics - heat engines – optical interference, anti-reflection coatings - diffraction and polarization – lasers and types - optical fibres and applications - photoelectric effect - atom models - dual nature of matter and radiation - nuclear models - radioactivity - nuclear fission and fusion - crystal structures - unit cells - packing factor – imperfections – superconductivity - magnetic and dielectric materials – semiconducting materials - nano materials.

#### **UNIT- III ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

Fuel -Classification of fuels - Calorific value - Solid fuel - Liquid fuel - Gaseous fuel -Octane number - Cetane Number - Fuel Cells. Lubricants - Classification - Greases -Solid Lubricants. Water - Sources - Classifications - Softening process - Desalination -RO Method – Internal treatment – Treatment of Water for Municipal purposes. Plastics – High polymer – classification – Polymerization techniques – Thermoplastics – Thermosetting resins – examples. Rubber – Types of Rubber – Vulcanisation – Properties – Unvulcanised and Vulcanised. Natural Rubber - Synthetic Rubber - examples. Refractories – Classification – Manufacture of Refractories – Magnesite – Silica – Zirconia – Chromite. Abrasives – Natural – Artificial–Abrasive paper & cloth. Corrosion: Dry and Wet corrosion – Factors affecting corrosion- Different types of corrosion. Productive coating – Hot dipping- metal cladding, electrodeposition – Organic Coatings – Paints – Varnishes. Cement and lime- setting and hardening. Explosives- classifications- characteristicsrequirements for good explosives- nitrocellulose- TNT- TNB-DNB-PETN-RDX. purpose of making alloy- types of alloys- Ferrous alloys. Electrochemistry – conductors and non conductors - Kohlrausch law - Electrochemical cell-reversible and irreversible cells -EMF- Concentration cell-polarization – over voltage, decomposition potential.

#### **UNIT - IV ENGLISH**

Grammar: Articles – Prepositions – Tenses (simple present, present continuous, simple past, past continuous, future, & perfect tenses) – Modal verbs – Clauses – Conditional clauses – Subject-Verb agreement – conjunctions – Active & passive voice – Reported speech (Direct to Indirect speech) – Error correction – Combining sentences using connectives – Cause & effect expressions (because, so, due to, on account of, etc.) – Framing questions (converting statements into questions)

Vocabulary: Synonyms & antonyms – Prefixes, suffixes & intensifying prefixes (e.g. Flammable – inflammable) – Phrasal verbs – Idioms – Fixed expressions (e.g. adhere to, lodge a complaint to, etc.) – One word substitution – Collocation – Expansion of compound nouns (e.g. keyboard)

Reading: Reading comprehension passage - Data interpretation (e.g. comprehension questions based on table /chart) - Choosing appropriate title for a given short passage

 Inferential questions based on a short reading passage – Reading comprehension questions making use of scanning & skimming strategies – Jumbled Sentences.

Writing: Definitions (instrument & technical terms) – Visual interpretation (picture/photo/chart etc.) – process description – Letter writing (formal / official) – email communication (email etiquette) – essays.

#### **UNIT - V BASICS OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING**

Computer Organization - CPU and Microprocessor [ALU, Control Unit and Bus Structure] - Data Storage [Primary, Secondary and Virtual] - Input and Output Devices Systems Software - Assembler - Compiler - Loader - Linker - Operating Systems Programming Languages - Classification of Programming Language, High-Level Languages

Basic Computer Networking – Network Components [Routers, Bridges, Gateways] – ISO-OSI Reference Model – LAN – WAN – Client-Server Architecture – Internet Applications – Office Tools – Word-processor – Spreadsheet – Powerpoint – Database– E-mail – Browser

IT Enabled Services – E-Government – E-Commerce – Multimedia

#### UNIT - VI BASICS OF CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Introduction to Engineering mechanics – Units and Dimensions – Laws of Mechanics – Coplanar Forces – Static Equilibrium of Rigid body – Moment of a force – free body diagram – friction – laws of friction – sliding friction – wedge friction – Rolling resistance– Lader friction - Friction in screws – Screw jack – Belt friction – Properties of surfaces and solids – Centroids and centre of mass – line and areas – Rectangular, circular, triangular areas by integration – T-section, I- Section, Angle section, Hollow section – Area moment of inertia of plane areas – Parallel axis theorem – Centroid of the simple solids – Dynamics of particle – Displacement, velocity and acceleration – Different types of motion – Rectilinear , Curvilinear and Projectile motions – Newton's II-law of motion – Work Energy equation – Impulse and momentum principles.

#### UNIT - VII BASICS OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Ohm's law- Kirchoff's laws - Introduction to DC and AC circuits -Power and powerfactor-single phase and three phase circuits

Operating principles of moving coil and moving iron instruments (voltmeters and ammeters)- wattmeters and energy meters

Construction and principle of operation: DC motors- DC generators-Transformers-Induction motors

Characteristics of PN junction diode-zener diode- half wave and full wave rectifiers-Bipolar junction transistor (CC,CE,CB configurations)-Amplifiers-Operational amplifiers Binary number system- logic gates- Boolean algebra – Half and full adders- Flip-flops – registers and counters- A/D and D/A conversion

Types of analog and digital signals- Modulation and Demodulation(amplitude and frequency)

Communication systems: Radio-TV-Fax-Microwave-Satellite and optical fibre

#### UNIT - VIII PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

Management- Definition, Evolution- Taylor, Fayol, Elton Mayo, Peter Drucker Planning- Types, Steps, Forecasting, MBO, MBE

Organising- Departmentation- Line and staff, Delegation and Decentralization

Staffing- Manpower planning, Recruitment and selection, Training, Performance Appraisal

Directing- Leadership styles, Discipline, Communication in business Controlling- Types, Control Techniques, Budgetary Control, Statistical Control

#### **UNIT - IX TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT**

Quality - vision, mission and policy statement, dimensions of product and service quality, contributions of quality gurus-Deming, Juran, Crosby, Masaaki Imai, Feigenbaum, Ishikawa, Cost of Quality, continuous process improvement- PDCA, Quality Circle, 5S, Kaizen, Statistical Process Control (SPC), 7 QC Tools, new management tools, benchmarking, 6 sigma, Process Quality, Quality Function Deployment(QFD), POKA YOKE, Total Productive Maintenance (TPM), Business Process Reengineering(BPR), ISO 9004: 2000 - QMS, ISO-14000.

#### **UNIT - X ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

Environment— Global perspective- awareness of environmental pollution- Classification of Pollutants- Air Pollution- Composition of Air – Major sources of air pollution. Gaseous Pollutants- effect of air pollution on weather, climate, atmospheric process, NOX, SO<sub>2</sub>, CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, Fly ash, Vehicular pollution- automobile emission- prevention- green houseeffect – chlorofluoro carbon- ozone layer -ozone depletion- smog- photochemical smog, acid rain. Water pollution- types of water pollution- Factors affecting surface water – sewage and domestic waste – BOD, COD. Industrial effluent- harmful effects of industrial pollutants- agricultural discharge – detergent and toxic metal – siltation. Thermal pollutants- effect of thermal pollution- radioactive pollutant – inorganic pollutants and its detrimental effects. Soil Pollution- sources of soil pollution- effect of carbon waste- noise pollution- sources of noises of pollution- types of noise pollution-prevention and control.

# ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE (DEGREE STANDARD)

**SUBJECT CODE 298** 

#### UNIT - I SCOPE AND IMPORTANCE OF ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Definition; multidisciplinary nature of environmental science, scope and importance; global environmental problems; components of environment: biotic, abiotic. Atmosphere. Lithosphere: case study on major geological formations in Tamil Nadu; Hydrosphere case study on major river systems in Tamil Nadu.

#### UNIT- II ECOLOGICAL CONCEPTS

Ecosystem definition; structure and function; energy flow, food chain and food web; ecological pyramids, biogeochemical cycles (Carbon, Nitrogen and Phosphorus); Hydrological cycle; ecosystem types: ponds, ocean, river, cropland, wetland, desert, forests and grassland; ecological succession; primary, secondary and tertiary producers. Examples of plant and animal adaptations for arid (desert and semi-desert) and humid (rain forest) biomes.

#### UNIT - III ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

Non-renewable resources - Mineral use and exploitation; fossil fuels. Renewable resources: water — surface and ground water, supply, demand, dams-benefits and problems; soil and land resources — Structure, formation, erosion, conservation of soil, agricultural practices, land use, land degradation, desertification; Fisheries — inland and marine fisheries, aquaculture, overharvesting. Forest resources — Timber, medicinal plants, fuel-wood, deforestation, forest management. Management of renewable and non-renewable resources; sustainable use.

#### UNIT- IV BIODIVERSITY AND CONSERVATION

Biodiversity - Definition; Introduction to genetic, species and ecosystem diversity; biogeographical classification of India: Forest types of Tamil Nadu: tropical dry evergreen, thorny scrub, wet evergreen forests, grasslands, sholas, dry and mixed deciduous forests, mangroves. Coral reefs. Agro-biodiversity, land races and genetic resources. Valuation of biodiversity; Consumptive, productive, cultural value. Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching, over-utilisation, invasive species. Endemic and threatened species of Tamil Nadu. In situ conservation: Mudumalai, Anamalai and Kalakad-Mundanthurai Tiger Reserves, Gulf of Mannar Marine Reserve, Pulicat and Pt. Calimere Wildlife Sanctuaries; sacred groves. Ex-situ conservation: Vandalur Zoological Park and Madras Crocodile Bank. Red data book, National Biodiversity Act, Wildlife Protection Act (1972), Tamil Nadu Forest Conservation Act.

#### UNIT- V HUMAN POPULATION AND ENVIRONMENT

Population growth and regulation: Age pyramids, Malthusian theory, global trends of population growth, variation among nations and zero population growth. Environmental health, Nutrition and health. Communicable diseases such as typhoid, cholera, tuberculosis, hepatitis, influenza, HIV- social issues. Non-communicable diseases such as heart disease, diabetes, asthma. Epidemics. Environmental risk factors. Human

displacement and rehabilitation, tribal population and welfare schemes, women and child welfare; Human rights, Intellectual Property Rights.

#### UNIT- VI NATURAL CATASTROPHIES AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Causes and effects of natural catastrophies – Earthquakes, floods, cyclones, hurricanes, storms, landslides, drought, famine, tsunami; pre-disaster and post -disaster management, risk assessment, early warning systems and forecasting. Role of administrators, scientists, planners, volunteers.

#### UNIT- VII ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

Definition of pollution and pollutants; types of pollution - Air, water, soil, noise, thermal, nuclear; causes of pollution, effects of pollution and control measures; liquid and solid waste management, nuclear holocausts. Case studies: leather industry, fly ash, thermal stations, nuclear power plants.

#### UNIT- VIII ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND LEGISLATION

Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA): Objectives, Principles of Process, screening of projects, methodologies, checklist and documentation, prediction methodologies, public participation, limitation of EIA; Environmental Protection Acts in India: air, water. Lake and River action programmes; coastal zone management; pollution control boards, Management plans using Geographic Information System (GIS) and Remote Sensing (RS) tools.

#### UNIT - IX ENVIRONMENTAL ORGANISATIONS AND AGENCIES

International Organisations: United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP), International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (IUCN), International Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), International Panel on Oceans (IPO), Earth Summit, Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF), Man and Biosphere Programme (MAB), India: Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEFCC), Ministry of Earth Sciences (MoES), NGO's.

#### **UNIT-X GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE**

Introduction to climate change, past climatic fluctuations. Current climate and weather – Wind, monsoon, cyclones. Global ocean circulation. Global warming and greenhouses gases – Carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, ozone. Sources of green house gases – Fossil fuel use, vehicle emissions, industry; agricultural practices, deforestation. Role of UNFCC (United Nation Framework Convention on Climate Change) in monitoring green house gas emissions. International treaties: Kyoto protocol, Paris agreement. Acid rain, source, impacts and management. Ozone layer depletion: causes, impacts and remediation.

# FORESTRY (DEGREE STANDARD)

SUBJECT CODE 283

#### UNIT- I SILVICULTURE

Forests - definition. Extent of forests in India and other countries. Forest types of India and Tamil Nadu - revised classification - pure and mixed stands - even and uneven aged stands. Role of forests. Factors of locality - climatic - edaphic - topographic - biotic interaction of forest with the environment. Silviculture - objectives - scope - general principles. Regeneration - natural and artificial. Nursery techniques - containerised seedling production - techniques and methods. Vegetative and clonal propagation techniques and methods - macro and micro propagation techniques. Plantation forestry reforestation and afforestation - maintenance of plantations - enrichment planting. Tending operations - weeding, cleaning, thinning, pruning, after care techniques; cultural operations - soil working. Silvicultural systems - clear felling, shelter wood, selection and coppice systems - improvement felling. Silviculture techniques for some important species - Tropical Species - Acacia spp (indigenous and exotics), Albizia lebbeck, Albizia falcataria, Ailanthus excelsa, Azadirachta indica, Bambusa bambos, B. balcooa, B. vulgaris, Casuarina equisetifolia, C.junghuhniana, Ceiba pentandra, Dalbergia latifolia, D. sissoo, Dendrocalamus strictus, Eucalyptus spp (E. tereticornis, E.camaldulensis, E. grandis, E. globulus), Grevillea robusta, Hardwickia binata, Leucaena leucocephala, Melia dubia, Pongamia pinnata, Populus deltoides, Prosopis juliflora, Pterocarpus santalinus, Santalum album, Syzygium cuminii, Shorea robusta, Tectona grandis, Terminalia spp.(T.chebula, T.bellerica, T.paniculata, T.tomentosa), Tamarindus indica. Temperate Species - Alnus nepalensis, Cedrus deodara, Pinus roxburghii, P. wallichiana, P. patula.

#### **UNIT - II FOREST MENSURATION AND MANAGEMENT**

Forest Mensuration - Definition and objectives. Measurement of diameter, girth, height, crown and volume of trees - methods and principles - tree stem form - form factor. Volume estimation of stand - age - basal area determinations Stem and Stump Analysis. Forest inventory - sampling techniques and methods - measurement of crops - sample plots. Yield calculation - CAI and MAI - volume, yield and stand tables preparation. Forest management - objectives and principles. Forest organisation. Sustainable Forest Management (SFM)\_- criteria and indicators of SFM - sustained yield - concept and management - arguments for and against sustained yield - Forest Certification - Standards, Procedures and agencies. Rotation - normal forest - increment - growth stock determination. Yield regulation - principles and concepts - Von Montel's formula and its modifications - yield regulation in regular and irregular forests. Working plan - objectives and scope - constitution of working plan division. Enumeration and sampling. Regeneration survey - Plantation journal - divisional working plans - annual plan of operations. Joint forest management. Aerial photography and remote sensing - methods and techniques - GIS for forest management and modelling.

#### UNIT- III FOREST UTILISATION AND WOOD TECHNOLOGY

Logging - extraction of timber - felling rules and methods - conversion methods conversion season. Implements used - cross cutting system - sawing - different types extraction methods. Grading of timbers. Transportation of timbers - major and minor transportation methods Storage and sales of logs - sales depot - management of depots. Recent trends in logging - Ergonomics and RIL. Forest products - Timber - timber, fuel, pulp, paper, rayon and match. Wood Composites - plywood, particle board, fiber boards, MDF, hardboard, insulation boards - production technology. Non timber forest products (NTFP) - collection - processing and storage of NTFP - fibres and flosses - bamboos and canes - katha and bidi leaves - essential oils and oil seeds - gums and resins - tans and dyes - drugs - insecticides - lac and shellac - tassar silk - role of tribal co-operative societies. Wood Science - Macroscopic character of wood - three dimensional structures structure of heartwood and sapwood - hard wood and soft wood. Composition and structure of wood - chemical components and cell wall structure and formation. Anatomical structures of heartwood and softwood - reaction wood - wood and water relations. Properties of wood - physical properties - specific gravity, density of wood - mechanical properties - gross features of wood. Defects in wood - natural defects. Seasoning of wood - principles and objectives of seasoning - seasoning methods - air and kiln seasoning - seasoning defects. Wood preservation - principles and methods - wood preservatives - definition - kinds of preservatives - method of preservative application pressure and non-pressure processes - classification of wood based on seasoning behaviour.

#### UNIT- IV FOREST SURVEYING AND ENGINEERING

Surveying - principles of surveying - errors in surveying - scope of surveying in forestry. Scales - linear measurement. Different methods of surveying - chain, prismatic, compass, plain table and topographic survey. Area calculation - instruments and principles - maps and map reading. Principles of forest engineering - levelling instruments - building materials and construction. Forest roads - objectives - principles and types of forest roads. Causeways and culverts. Bridges - construction of bridges - construction of timber, RCC, steel and suspension bridges - cable roadways and winches.

# UNIT - V FOREST SOILS AND SOIL CONSERVATION AND WATERSHED MANAGEMENT

Forest soils - Classification - Factors affecting soil formation - podzolisation and laterization. Physical, chemical and biological properties of forest soils. Problem soils - classification of waste lands - extent of waste lands in India - reclamation of alkaline, saline, water logged and other waste lands - sand dune stabilisation - wind breaks and shelter belts. Soil conservation - definition - objectives - problems - programmes and achievements. Erosion - types and causes - wind, water - management of eroded region. Role of micro organisms in soil amelioration - Use of bio-inoculants Azospirillum, Azotobacter, Phosphobacteria, Rhizobium, VAM, Frankia, and Vermicompost. Soil and water conservation measures. Watershed management - concept and methods - forest treatments - stream flow - water harvesting and conservation - ground water recharge - impact on water yield and quality.

#### UNIT- VI FOREST ECONOMICS, POLICIES AND LEGISLATIONS

Fundamental principles of forest economics - cost benefit analysis - NPV, IRR analysis demand and supply estimation. Socio-economic analysis of forest productivity - attitudes and analysis of trends in national and international markets - assessment of market structure. Forest valuation - direct and indirect valuation -stumpage valuing, price size gradients - devastation value - risk management. Project formulation - project monitoring evaluation - elements of time series analysis and forecasting - role of corporate financing. Forest policies - Necessity - Formulation of National Forest Policy. History of forest development in India - Indian Forest Policy of 1894, 1952 and 1988. NCA report on forestry - role of ICAR and ICFRE in forest research and education. National Mission on Wasteland Development. Forest Organizations and Institutes - National - FRI, IGNFA, FSI, WII, IIFM, IWST, IFGTB, SACON etc. - International - ICRAF, ITTO. Forest laws necessity - general principles - Indian Forest Act 1927, Forest Conservation Act 1980, Wildlife Protection Act, 1972, Tamil Nadu Forest Act, 1882, Tamil Nadu Timber Transit Rules, 1968, Tamil Nadu Hill Act, 1985 - application of IPC to forests. Recent Policies and Acts - Tribal Bill, 2007, Biodiversity Bill, 2002, National Agroforestry Policy 2014. ITTO. GATT and its relevance to timber export - Rio summit and Kyoto Protocol and its relevance to timber export.

#### UNIT- VII FOREST BIOLOGY AND BOTANY

Forest ecology - definition - biotic and abiotic components - forest ecosystem - forest community - concepts - succession - primary productivity - nutrient cycling. Composition of forest types in India - classification of India's forests - species composition - association and diversity. Restoration ecology - global warming - green house effects - ozone layer depletion - acid rain - role of trees in environmental conservation. Biodiversity - Definition, origin, types - factors endangering biodiversity - biodiversity hotspots - endemism - Red Data Book. Biodiversity assessments - principles and methods. Forms of trees - structure and function - physiology and reproduction of trees - water relation - physiology in stress environments (drought, water logging, alkalinity and salinity). Seed and its importance. Characters of good quality seeds. Seed dormancy - types and causes - dormancy breaking. Seed collection- physiological maturity - Seed extraction - seed processing. Seed grading and upgrading of seed lots. Seed treatments - principles and methods seed pelleting. Seed sampling - procedure. Seed testing - purity analysis - moisture estimation - seed germination test - quick viability test. Seed storage - orthodox and recalcitrant seeds - causes of deterioration - seed storage containers. Seed certification procedure - Seed Act and Rules - Quality control and legislation. Forest Botany -Importance of botany - taxonomic classification of plant species - identification of species composition and association. Dendrology - principles and establishment of herbaria and arboreta. Tree Improvement - Forest Genetics and Tree Breeding - Definition and concepts - Steps in tree improvement - Variation and selection - Progeny Evaluation Test (PET) - Candidate Tree, Plus Tree, Elite trees - use of provenances and seed sources heritability and genetic gains - hybrids in tree improvement - heterosis exploitation. Seed production Area and seed orchards - types and establishment. In situ and ex situ gene conservation. Exotics - role of exotic forest trees in India - application of biotechnological methods in forestry.

#### UNIT - VIII WILDLIFE BIOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT

Wildlife and wild animals - food chain - prey and predator relationship. Introduction to wildlife management. Ecology and biology of wildlife - principles and techniques of management - Man and Biosphere (MAB) programme - wildlife habitats. Census - methods and application - land tenure system. Major wildlife species in India and their broad study. Wildlife conservation - policies and legal measures - sanctuaries - national parks - biosphere reserves. Ornithology - bird habitats - bird species of India - avian extinction - causes and management. Role of NGOs and others in avian fauna conservation - beneficial and harmful roles of birds. Herpatology - definition and uses. Man and animal interaction - Impact and management. Ecotourism and Recreation Forestry. Management of captive wildlife - captive breeding - diseases of wildlife and their management.

#### UNIT- IX FOREST PROTECTION

Role of forest protection in Indian forestry. Injuries caused by various agencies - by human beings, plants, animals, insects, birds, adverse climatic factors. Forest fire - beneficial and adverse causes - fire protection methods and rehabitation. Pests and diseases of economic trees - control measures for pests and diseases for major tree species - biological, chemical and integrated pest and disease management methods. Termites - types and their management. Alien or invasive weeds and their management - forest encroachments and grazing.

#### UNIT – X AGROFORESTRY AND SOCIAL FORESTRY

Agroforestry - definition, concept and objectives. Classification of agroforestry systems - primary systems and subsystems - inheritance effects. Tree-crop interactions - above and below ground - competition for space, water, light and nutrients. Microclimatic modifications - nutrient cycling and soil fertility improvement - Allelopathy and allelochemicals. - Ecological aspects of agroforestry - benefits and limitations of agroforestry. Agroforestry practices for different agro-climatic zones of Tamil Nadu. Agroforestry practices for wasteland reclamation. Social forestry - objectives and scope and necessity - its components and implementation in local and national levels - social attitudes and community participation. JFM - principles, objectives and methodology - choice of species for agro forestry and social forestry. Urban Forestry - definition and scope - benefits - choice of tree species - planting techiques and management.

# GEOLOGY (DEGREE STANDARD)

SUBJECT CODE 239

#### **UNIT-I GENERAL GEOLOGY**

Origin, Interior and Age of the Earth - Weathering - Types and products - Geological work of Wind, River, Sea and Groundwater - Volcanoes - Earthquakes - causes and effects - Seismic zonation - Richter Scale - Principles of Plate Tectonics – fundamental and geomorphology.

#### **UNIT - II STRATIGRAPHY**

Principles of Stratigraphy - Correlation - Geological Time Scale - General characteristics, descriptive and economic importance of Archean, Cuddapah, Vindhyan and Gondwana systems of Peninsular India -Cretaceous system of Tamil Nadu.

#### **UNIT - III STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY**

Folds - Faults - Joints - Unconformities - Recognition of overturned beds - Stress and strain relationship - Attitude of beds - Measurement of dip, apparent dip, strike using Cino and Brunton Compass .

#### **UNIT-IV PALAEONTOLOGY**

Fossils – Definitions, Conditions, mode of preservation, uses of Fossils – General morphology and classification of Graptolites, Mollusca, Coelenterata, Brachiopod, Trilobita, Echinoids and Foraminifera.

#### **UNIT-V CRYSTALLOGRAPHY**

Definition of crystals – Inter facial angles – Goniometer -Symmetry Elements - Study of Normal Classes of Isometric, Tetragonal, Hexagonal, Orthorhombic, Monoclinic and Triclinic systems - Twin crystals.

#### UNIT- VI MINERALOGY

Physical properties of minerals - Petrological Microscope and its parts, accessory plates and uses – optical properties - Isotropic and Anisotropic Minerals - Descriptive study of quartz and its varieties - Feldspar Group - Pyroxene Group - Amphibole Group - Mica Group - Garnet Group - Descriptive study of Calcite, Dolomite, Tourmaline, Topaz, Staurolite, Chlorite and Zircon.

#### **UNIT - VII IGNEOUS PETROLOGY**

Definition of magma - Composition and constitution of magma - Forms and structures of Igneous Rocks, Textures and Micro structures - classification of Igneous rocks - Bowen's Reaction principle - Descriptive Study of Granite - Syenite - Diorite - Gabbro - Dolerite - Ultramafics (Dunite, Peridotite, Pyroxenite and Anorthosite) - Differentiation - Assimilation.

#### **UNIT - VIII SEDIMENTARY AND METAMORPHIC PETROLOGY**

Classification - Texture and structures of sedimentary rocks - Descriptive study of Residual, Clastic, Chemical and organic deposits - Metamorphism - Agents and kinds of metamorphism - classification of metamorphic rocks - Textures and structure - Different facies - Marble - Schist and Gneiss - Amphibolite - Granulite (Charnockite).

#### UNIT- IX ENONIMIC GEOLOGY

Definition of Ore - Tenor - Gangue - Lindgren and Bateman's classification of ore deposits - Ore forming processes - Magmatic concentration — Hydrothermal Process Oxidation and Supergene Enrichment — Evaporation - Sedimentation — Placer deposits. Important ores, their composition, physical properties, mode of occurrence, distribution in India and uses of Gold, Iron, Aluminium, Manganese, Copper, Magnesium and Led and Zinc - Lignite, Coal and Petroleum - their occurrence in India - Building Stones, their characters, distribution and mode of occurrence in India - Mineral Wealth of Tamil Nadu.

#### UNIT- X APPLIED GELOLOGY

Principles of Geological mapping - Field Techniques - Drilling methods - Borehole problems from borehole data - Geological investigation and conditions for dams, tunnels and roads - Landslides - Mining methods, role of geology - problems in mines including groundwater - Application of Remote sensing in Geology.

## HORTICULTURE (DEGREE STANDARD)

#### **SUBJECT CODE 278**

#### UNIT- I FUNDAMENTALS OF HORTICULTURE

Scope and importance – State, National and Global scenario of horticultural crops – Area and production – Import and export – Nutritive value of horticultural crops – Horticultural zones of Tamil Nadu and India – National and regional agencies involved in promotion of horticultural Industry in India (NHB, APEDA and Commodity Boards) – Classification of horticultural crops – Factors limiting horticultural crop production – Role of season – Soil and climate requirements - Physical and chemical properties of soil - Climatic factors – Light, temperature, photoperiod, relative humidity, rainfall, altitude, microclimate - Kitchen gardening -Nutrition gardening – Truck gardening – Market gardening - Vegetable forcing - Protected and precision horticulture – Hydroponics, Aeroponics – Nutrient Film Technique - Horticulture therapy.

#### UNIT - II GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT OF HORTICULTURAL CROPS

Important phases of growth and development - Bearing habits - Classification of horticultural crops based on life cycle - Annual, biennial perennial (woody and herbaceous perennials) - Fruitfulness and unfruitfulness - External and internal factors associated with unfruitfulness - Physiology of flowering, fruit set, ripening and senescence - Fruitdrop - Causes and control measures - Plant growth regulators - Functions and role in horticultural crops - Bud dormancy - Dormancy breaking - Parthenocarpy - Parthenogenesis - Polyembryony - Stenospermocarpy - Vivipary - Apomixis.

#### UNIT – III PROPAGATION OF HORTICULTURAL CROPS

Propagation – Definition – Establishment of nursery – Site selection - Tools and implements propagation structures - Mist chamber, phytotron - Humidifiers – Greenhouse – Glasshouse – Polyhouse - Shade net, glass house, poly tunnels, cold frames and hotbeds, pit nursery - Media and containers – Soil sterilization - Sexual propagation – Merits and demerits – Crops propagated through seeds - Seed viability, longevity, dormancy, germination – Pre-sowing treatment – stratification, scarification, seed priming, seedling vigour – Raised seed bed and pro-tray nursery – Asexual propagation – Merits and demerits – Methods of vegetative propagation – Identification of plus trees – Mother block, scion bank – Clonal nursery – Cutting – Layering – Grafting, budding types – Anatomical and physiological basis of grafting – Stock scion relationship, graft compatibility -Budwood selection and certification – Propagation through specialized plant parts (bulbs, tubers, offsets, runners, suckers, slip, crown, rhizomes, corms) – Quality management and nursery certification – Micro propagation – Application – infrastructure requirements – Types of media – Stages of micro propagation – Micro grafting – *in vitro* propagation of important horticultural crops.

## UNIT - IV MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES FOR HORTICULTURAL CROPS

Planning – Layout and management of orchards – Fencing – Wind breaks and shelter beds – Spacing – Planting system – Physical and chemical properties – Soil reaction – acid, saline and alkaline soils – Soil fertility - Essential elements – Functions - Organic manures and inorganic fertilizers, bio-fertilizers, vermi-composting - Applications and management – Nutrient deficiencies and corrective measures - Physiological disorders and remedies - Irrigation – Critical stages of water requirement – Effect of water stress on crop yield – Anti-transpirants – management of irrigation water quality - Conventional and micro irrigation – Fertigation - Mulching – Sod culture – Weed management – Application growth regulators – Training and pruning principles and methods - Rejuvenation of senile and old orchards – Cropping systems - Cover cropping - Multitier cropping – Intercropping – Special horticultural techniques (pinching, thinning, disbudding, blanching, smudging, notching, ringing) - Principles of organic horticulture – GAP and GMP.

#### UNIT - V PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY OF FRUIT CROPS

Scope and importance of fruit crops - Composition and uses - Origin and distribution – Species – Season - Climate and soil requirement – Varieties and hybrids – Propagation techniques - Planting systems and planting density -Including High density planting (HDP) and ultra high-density planting (UHDP) –spacing – Water and nutrient management – Fertigation - Weed management - Canopy management - Training and pruning – Intercultural practices - Off season production - Special horticultural techniques – Use of plant growth regulators – Maturity indices - Harvest and yield – Nutrient deficiencies and physiological disorders and its corrective measures and management of important pest and diseases of important fruit crops :- Mango, Banana, Acidlime, Sweet orange, Mandarin, Grapes, Papaya, Guava, Sapota, Pineapple, Jackfruit, Pomegranate, Aonla, Annona, Ber, Apple, Pear, Plum, Peach, Strawberry, Litchi, Avocado, Walnut and Almond and minor tropical, arid and temperate fruit crops.

#### UNIT- VI PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY OF VEGETABLE CROPS

Scope and importance of vegetable crops - Composition and uses - Origin and distribution - Area and production - Soil and climatic requirements - Varieties and hybrids - Propagation methods - Seed rate - Sowing and nursery practises Containerized seedling production - Season - Planting methods - Water, nutrient and weed management - Fertigation - Training for vegetables - Intercultural practices -Maturity indices – Harvest and yield – Nutrient deficiencies and physiological disorder and its corrective measures of important vegetable crops: Tomato, Brinjal, Chilli and Capsicum (Sweet Pepper), Bhendi, Leguminous vegetables (Beans, Peas, Cluster Dolichos bean); Bulbous vegetables (Onion, Garlic); Tuber crops beans, Cowpea, (Potato, Tapioca, Sweet potato, Elephant footyam, Colacassia); Cucurbitaceous vegetables (Cucumber, Bittergourd, Snakegourd, Ridgegourd, Ashgourd, Muskmelon, Watermelon, Pumpkin) - Cruciferous vegetables (Cabbage, Cauliflower and Knolkhol); Root vegetables (Carrot, Radish, Beetroot, Turnip) - Leafy vegetables (Spinach, Lettuce, Perennial vegetables (Drumstick, Palak, Amaranthus) Coccinea) - Protected cultivation of vegetable crops - Precision farming of important vegetable crops and seed production.

#### UNIT – VII FLORICULTURE & LANDSCAPE GARDENING

Scope and importance of flower crops production - Uses - Origin and distribution - Area and production - Climate and soil requirement - Species and varieties - Propagation, season - Spacing and planting methods - Irrigation, nutrient management - Fertigation -Weed management - Training and pruning - Intercultural operations - Special horticultural techniques — Growth regulators — Off season production - Maturity indices — Harvest and yield and management of important pest and diseases for important loose Jasmine. Rose. Tuberose. Chrysanthemum. Marigold. Nerium and Crossandra - Cut flowers - Rose, Carnation, Anthurium, Orchid and Cutfoliage and fillers. Principles of Landscape designing – Styles of gardening - Types of gardening viz., Hindu, English, Mughal, Japanese, Persian, Italian, French gardening -Garden components - Trees foliage flowering and avenue trees - Burlapping - Shrubs -Flowering annuals creepers and Climbers - Cacti and succulents Astroturf - Types of grasses - Layout, planting and maintenance of lawn - Hedge and edge plants - Indoor plants and interior scaping - Garden adornments - Principles and styles of flower arrangements – Bonsai styles and culture – Industrial, Institutional, Public and Private landscaping - Special types of gardening - Bog garden, dish, terrarium, bottle, roof, vertical gardening and green wall.

#### UNIT - VIII PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY OF SPICES AND PLANTATION CROPS

Scope and Importance of spices and plantation crops - Composition and uses - Origin and distribution – Area and production – Climate and soil requirements - Species and varieties - Season, seed rate / propagation methods – Spacing - Planting system – High density planting – Irrigation and nutrient management – Fertigation and weed management – Training and pruning – Cropping systems – Multitier cropping – Cover cropping – Inter cropping - Growth regulators – Mulching - Shade and canopy regulation – Maturity indices, harvest, yield and management of important pest and diseases and processing methods of important plantation and spice crops: Major, seed, tree, herbal spices and minor spices - Black Pepper, Cardamom, Turmeric, Ginger, Curry leaf, Clove, Nutmeg, Cinnamon, Coriander, Fenugreek, Cumin, Tamarind, all spice and vanilla – Plantation crops - Tea, Coffee, Rubber, Cocoa, Coconut, Oilpalm, Cashew, Palmyrah, Arecanut.

#### UNIT - IX PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY OF MEDICINAL AND AROMATIC CROPS

Scope and importance of medicinal and aromatic crops - Composition and uses - Origin and distribution – Area and production - *Ex situ* and *insitu* conservation – Classification of medicinal and aromatic crops – Constraints in medicinal plant cultivation - Climate and soil – Varieties – Propagation - Nursery practices - Planting methods - Cropping systems – Manures & fertilizers – Irrigation – Intercultural operations – Harvest indices – Harvest & yield and management of important pest and diseases - Production systems - Contract farming – GAP – GCP – GMP - Organic production and certification – Classification and distillation methods of essential oils – Secondary metabolite production - Value addition -Organisational support for promotion of medicinal and aromatic crops - Medicinal crops: Senna, Periwinkle, Glory lily, Aswagandha, Medicinal coleus and Solanum, Sweet flag, Aloe, Isabgol, *Phyllanthus*, *Stevia*, Opium poppy.

Aromatic crops: Lemon grass, Citronella, Vetiver, Ocimum, Davana, Mint, Geranium, Patchouli and Eucalyptus.

#### UNIT - X POST- HARVEST TECHNOLOGY OF HORTICULTURAL CROPS

Importance of post-harvest handling in horticultural crops – Maturity indices – Post-harvest handling methods – Washing – Grading - Waxing – Grades and standards – Methods of packing - Types of containers and their advantages and disadvantages – Storage - Principles and methods of refrigerated and gas storage - Storage methods - Pre-cooling - Controlled atmospheric storage, Modified atmospheric storage – Low pressure storage and cold chain concept - Importance and scope of processing industry in India, general principles of fruit and vegetable preservation like canning, dehydration, freezing, fermentation - Use of chemicals(preservatives) and irradiation – GMP – Food safety and quality control.

# MARINE BIOLOGY (DEGREE STANDARD)

SUBJECT CODE 293

#### UNIT- I PHYSICAL OCEANOGRAPHY

Major divisions of marine environment; Physical properties of seawater - Thermal properties of seawater; properties of Waves: Types of waves and properties of ocean waves; Tides - Origin of the tides; Wind and Ocean circulation - Types of currents.

#### UNIT - II CHEMICAL OCEANOGRAPHY

Chemical properties of seawater: Concept of chlorinity and salinity of seawater; Solubility of gases in seawater: Non reactive gases - Minor reactive gases; Organic matter: Dissolved and Particulate organic matter - Sources and classification; Origin, distribution of nutrients cycle and their significance.

#### UNIT - III BIOLOGICAL OCEANOGRAPHY

Primary and Secondary Productivity of the coastal environment; Phytoplankton and Zooplankton: Classification, distribution, their role in coastal ecosystems and adaptations. Primary production and factors affecting primary production.

#### **UNIT – IV MARINE ECOLOGY AND POLLUTION**

Community ecology; Intertidal ecology - Benthic, pelagic and deep sea ecology - Food Chain and food web; Food pyramid; Animal association in the marine environment. Types of marine pollution, source and their biological effects.

#### UNIT - V BIODIVERSITY

Biodiversity - Genetic diversity - Species diversity - Ecosystems diversity - Biodiversity changes in time and space - Need for conservation and conservation strategies; IUCN categorization; Biosphere reserves and National parks; Climate Change and Global warming.

#### UNIT - VI COASTAL VEGETATION

Coastal vegetation: Intertidal and sublittoral; seaweeds, seagrass and saltmarshes; mangroves – Distribution and adaptations; Economic importance of mangroves.

#### **UNIT - VII MARINE MICROBIOLOGY**

Marine microbial environment – Benthic & littoral zone, saltpan, mangroves and estuarine microbes, microbial loop in ocean food webs – Marine microbial community - Bacteria, Fungi, Protozoa. Marine Extremophiles.

#### UNIT - VIII INVERETEBRATES, PROCHORDATES AND VERTEBRATES

Principles and classification; Marine invertebrates and vertebrates - Their biology - Physiology, locomotion, nutrition and reproduction. Adaptive radiations of bony fishes and elasmobranches. Seaturtles and Mammals.

#### **UNIT - IX CAPTURE FISHERY**

Commercial marine fishery resources of India and Tamilnadu - Finfishes (Elasmobranch - Oil Sardine, Mackerel, Bombay duck), crustaceans (shrimp, lobster and crab) and molluscs.

#### **UNIT - X MARICULTURE**

Importance of Coastal aquaculture- Present status - Different culture methods; Open sea farming: Cages, pens - Raft – Raceways. Potentialities and socio-economic problems of aquaculture.

# MATHEMATICS (DEGREE STANDARD)

SUBJECT CODE 276

#### **UNIT - I ALGEBRA AND TRIGONOMETRY**

Theory of Equations: Polynomial equations; Imaginary and irrational roots; Symmetric functions of roots in terms of coefficient; Sum of rth powers of roots; Reciprocal equations; Transformations of equations.

Descrates' rule of signs: Approximate solutions of roots of polynomials by Newton - Raphson Method - Horner's method; Cardan's method of solution of a cubic polynomial.

Summation of Series: Binomial, Exponential and Logarithmic series theorems; Summation of finite series using method of differences - simple problems.

Expansions of  $\sin x$ ,  $\cos x$ ,  $\tan x$  in terms of x;  $\sin nx$ ,  $\cos nx$ ,  $\tan nx$ ,  $\sin nx$ ,  $\cos nx$ ,  $\tan nx$ , hyperbolic and inverse hyperbolic functions - simple problems.

Symmetric; Skew Symmetric; Hermitian; Skew Hermitian; Orthogonal and Unitary Matrices; Rank of a matrix; Consistency and solutions of Linear Equations; Cayley Hamilton Theorem; Eigen values; Eigen Vectors; Similar matrices; Diagonalization of a matrix.

Equivalence relations; Groups; subgroups – cyclic groups and properties of cyclic groups - simple problems; Lagrange's theorem; Prime number; Composite number; decomposition of a composite number as a product of primes uniquely (without proof); divisors of a positive integer n; congurence modulo n; Euler function; highest power of a prime number p contained in n!; Fermat's and Wilson's theroems - simple problems.

Sums of sines and cosines of n angles which are in A.P.; Summation of trigonometric series using telescopic method, C + i S method.

## UNIT - II CALCULUS, COORDINATE GEOMETRY OF 2 DIMENSIONS AND DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY

nth derivative; Leibnitz's theorem and its applications; Partial differentiation. Total differentials; Jacobians; Maxima and Minima of functions of 2 and 3 independent variables - necessary and sufficient conditions; Lagrange's method – simple problems on these concepts.

Methods of integration; Properties of definite integrals; Reduction formulae - Simple problems.

Conics - Parabola, ellipse, hyperbola and rectangular hyperbola - pole, polar, co-normal points, con-cyclic points, conjugate diameters, asymptotes and conjugate hyperbola.

Curvature; radius of curvature in Cartesian coordinates; polar coordinates; equation of a straight line, circle and conic; radius of curvature in polar coordinates; p-r equations; evolutes; envelopes.

Methods of finding asymptotes of rational algebraic curves with special cases. Beta and Gamma functions, properties and simple problems. Double Integrals; change of order of integration; triple integrals; applications to area, surface are volume.

#### UNIT - III DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND LAPLACE TRANSFORMS

First order but of higher degree equations – solvable for p, solvable for x, solvable for y, clairaut's form – simple problems.

Second order differential equations with constant coefficients with particular integrals for  $e^{ax}$ ,  $x^m$ ,  $e^{ax} \sin mx$ ,  $e^{ax} \cos mx$ 

 $\int_{S} ax^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + bx \frac{dy}{dx} + cy = q(x)$ 

Second order differential equations with variable coefficients

Method of variation of parameters; Total differential equations, simple problems.

Partial Differential equations: Formation of P.D.E by eliminating arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions; complete integral; Singular integral; general integral; Charpit's method and standard types f(p,q)=0, f(x,p,q)=0, f(y,p,q)=0, f(z,p,q)=0, f(x,p)=f(y,q); Clairaut's form and Lagrange's equations Pp+Qq=R – simple problems.

Laplace transform; inverse Laplace transform(usual types); applications of Laplace transform to solution of first and second order linear differential equations (constant coefficients) and simultaneous linear differential equations – simple problems.

#### UNIT - IV VECTOR CALCULUS, FOURIER SERIES AND FOURIER TRANSFORMS

Vector Differentiation : Gradient, divergence, curl, directional derivative, unit normal to a surface.

Vector integration: line, surface and volume integrals; theorems of Gauss, Stokes and Green – simple problems.

Fourier Series: Expansions of periodic function of period 2 ; expansion of even and odd functions; half range series.

Fourier Transform: Infinite Fourier transform (Complex form, no derivation); sine and cosine transforms; simple properties of Fourier Transforms; Convolution theorem; Parseval's identity.

#### UNIT - V ALGEBRAIC STRUCTURES

Groups: Subgroups, cyclic groups and properties of cyclic groups – simple problems; Lagrange's Theorem; Normal subgroups; Homomorphism; Automorphism; Cayley's Theorem, Permutation groups.

Rings: Definition and examples, Integral domain, homomorphism of rings, Ideals and quotient Rings, Prime ideal and maximum ideal; the field and quotients of an integral domain, Euclidean Rings.

Vector Spaces: Definition and examples, linear dependence and independence, dual spaces, inner product spaces.

Linear Transformations: Algebra of linear transformations, characteristic roots, matrices, canonical forms, triangular forms.

#### **UNIT - VI REAL ANALYSIS**

Sets and Functions: Sets and elements; Operations on sets; functions; real valued functions; equivalence; countability; real numbers; least upper bounds.

Sequences of Real Numbers: Definition of a sequence and subsequence; limit of a sequence; convergent sequences; divergent sequences; bounded sequences; monotone

sequences; operations on convergent sequences; operations on divergent sequences; limit superior and limit inferior; Cauchy sequences.

Series of Real Numbers: Convergence and divergence; series with non-negative numbers; alternating series; conditional convergence and absolute convergence; tests for absolute convergence; series whose terms form a non-increasing sequence; the class I<sup>2</sup>. Limits and metric spaces: Limit of a function on a real line; metric spaces; limits in metric spaces.

Continuous functions on Metric Spaces: Functions continuous at a point on the real line, reformulation, functions continuous on a metric space, open sets, closed sets, discontinuous functions on the real line.

Connectedness Completeness and compactness: More about open sets, connected sets, bounded sets and totally bounded sets, complete metric spaces, compact metric spaces, continuous functions on a compact metric space, continuity of inverse functions, uniform continuity.

Calculus: Sets of measure zero, definition of the Riemann integral, existence of the Riemann integral properties of Riemann integral, derivatives, Rolle's theorem, Law of mean, Fundamental theorems of calculus, Taylor's theorem.

Sequences and Series of Functions. Pointwise convergence of sequences of functions, uniform convergence of sequences of functions.

#### **UNIT - VII COMPLEX ANALYSIS**

Complex numbers: Point at infinity, Stereographic projection

Analytic functions: Functions of a complex variable, mappings, limits, theorems of limits, continuity, derivatives, differentiation formula, Cauchy-Riemann equations, sufficient conditions Cauchy-Riemann equations in polar form, analytic functions, harmonic functions.

Mappings by elementary functions: linear functions, the function 1/z, linear fractional transformations, the functions  $w=z^n$ ,  $w=e^z$ , special linear fractional transformations.

Integrals: definite integrals, contours, line integrals, Cauchy-Goursat theorem, Cauchy integral formula, derivatives of analytic functions, maximum moduli of functions.

Series: convergence of sequences and series, Taylor's series, Laurent's series, zero's of analytic functions.

Residues and poles: residues, the residue theorem, the principal part of functions, poles, evaluation of improper real integrals, improper integrals, integrals involving trigonometric functions, definite integrals of trigonometric functions

#### **UNIT - VIII DYNAMICS AND STATICS**

DYNAMICS: kinematics of a particle, velocity, acceleration, relative velocity, angular velocity, Newton's laws of motion, equation of motion, rectilinear motion under constant acceleration, simple harmonic motion.

Projectiles: Time of flight, horizontal range, range in an inclined plane. Impulse and impulsive motion, collision of two smooth spheres, direct and oblique impact-simple problems.

Central forces: Central orbit as plane curve, p-r equation of a central orbit, finding law of force and speed for a given central orbit, finding the central orbit for a given law of force.

Moment of inertia: Moment of inertia of simple bodies, theorems of parallel and perpendicular axes, moment of inertia of triangular lamina, circular lamina, circular ring, right circular cone, sphere (hollow and solid).

STATICS: Types of forces, Magnitude and direction of the resultant of the forces acting on a particle, Lami's Theorem, equilibrium of a particle under several coplanar forces, parallel forces, moments, couples-simple problems.

Friction: Laws of friction, angle of friction, equilibrium of a body on a rough inclined plane acted on by several forces, centre of gravity of simple uniform bodies, triangular lamina, rods forming a triangle, trapezium, centre of gravity of a circular arc, elliptic quadrant, solid and hollow hemisphere, solid and hollow cone, catenary-simple problems.

#### UNIT - IX OPERATIONS RESEARCH

Linear programming – formulation – graphical solution – simplex method

Big-M method – Two-phase method-duality- primal-dual relation – dual simplex method – revised simplex method – Sensitivity analysis.

Transportation problem – assignment problem.

Sequencing problem – n jobs through 2 machines – n jobs through 3 machines – two jobs through m machines – n jobs through m machines

PERT and CPM : project network diagram - Critical path (crashing excluded) - PERT computations.

Queuing theory – Basic concepts – Steady state analysis of M/M/1 and M/M/systems with infinite and finite capacities.

Inventory models: Basic concepts - EOQ models: (a) Uniform demand rate infinite production rate with no shortages (b) Uniform demand rate Finite production rate with no shortages - Classical newspaper boy problem with discrete demand - purchase inventory model with one price break.

Game theory: Two-person Zero-sum game with saddle point – without saddle point – dominance – solving 2 x n or m x 2 game by graphical method.

Integer programming: Branch and bound method.

#### **UNIT - X MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS**

Statistics – Definition – functions – applications – complete enumeration – sampling methods – measures of central tendency – measures of dispersion – skewness-kurtosis.

Sample space – Events, Definition of probability (Classical, Statistical & Axiomatic) – Addition and multiplication laws of probability – Independence – Conditional probability – Bayes theorem – simple problems.

Random Variables (Discrete and continuous), Distribution function – Expected values & moments – Moment generating function – probability generating function – Examples. Characteristic function – Uniqueness and inversion theorems – Cumulants, Chebychev's inequality – Simple problems.

Concepts of bivariate distribution – Correlation : Rank correlation coefficient – Concepts of partial and multiple correlation coefficients – Regression : Method of Least squares for fitting Linear, Quadratic and exponential curves - simple problems.

Standard distributions – Binomial, Hyper geometric, Poission, Normal and Uniform distributions – Geometric, Exponential, Gamma and Beta distributions, Inter-relationship among distributions.

Sampling Theory – sampling distributions – concept of standard error-sampling distribution based on Normal distribution : t, chi-square and F distribution.

Point estimation-concepts of unbiasedness, consistency, efficiency and sufficiency-Cramer Rao inequality-methods of estimation : Maximum likelihood, moments and minimum chi-square and their properties.

Test of Significance-standard error-large sample tests. Exact tests based on Normal, t, chi-square and F distributions with respect to population mean/means, proportion/proportions variances and correlation co-efficient. Theory of attributes – tests of independence of attributes based on contingency tables – goodness of fit tests based on Chi-square.

Analysis of variance: One way, two-way classification – Concepts and problems, interval estimation – confidence intervals for population mean/means, proportion/proportions and variances based on Normal, t, chi-square and F.

Tests of hypothesis: Type I and Type II errors – power of test-Neyman Pearson Lemma – Likelihood ratio tests – concepts of most powerful test –simple problems

## PHYSICS (DEGREE STANDARD)

#### SUBJECT CODE 241

#### UNIT - I MECHANICS AND RELATIVITY

Gravitation- Kepler's law- Gravitational constant and their determination variation of 'g' - Centre of gravity - Centre of gravity of a solid hemisphere - Hollow hemisphere - Tetrahedron and solid cone - Friction – Lubricants - Laws of friction - Cone of friction - angle of friction - Equilibrium of a body in a inclined plane - Impulse – Impact- Laws of Impact - Direct and oblique impact - Impact between two spheres - Loss of Kinetic energy – Moment of Inertia - Angular momentum and Kinetic energy of a revolving body - Moment of inertia of a sphere, shell and cylinder - Compound pendulum - Newton's laws and their limitations - postulates of special theory of relativity - Lorentz transformation equations and its applications - variation of Mass with Velocity - Mass - energy equivalence – Physical significance

#### **UNIT – II PROPERTIES OF MATTER**

Elastic moduli - Relations - Couple per unit twist - Torsional oscillations - Bending of beams - Uniform and Non uniform bending - Elastic constants and their determinations - Viscosity of liquids - Highly viscous liquids - Stoke's and Searle's method- Surface Tension - Capillary rise - Method of drops - Surface tension of mercury - Quincke's Method - Laws of osmotic pressure and experimental determination of osmotic pressure- Fick's laws of diffusion - Determination of diffusivity - Applications

#### **UNIT - III HEAT AND THERMODYNAMICS**

Specific heat capacity – Determination of specific heat capacity by Newton's law of cooling-Debye's theory- Mayer's relation - Vanderwaal's equation - Critical constants and Vanderwaal's constant - J K effect - Theory and experiment – Liquefaction of gasses – Hydrogen - Helium - Thermal conductivity - Forbe's method - Stefan's law - Experimental determination of Stefan's constant - Solar constant - Temperature of the sun Zeroth, first law and second laws of thermodynamics - Isothermal and adiabatic change - Reversible and irreversible process - Carnot's theorem- Carnot engine - Carnot cycle - Entropy - Maxwell's thermo dynamical relations and its applications - Third law of thermodynamics

#### **UNIT- IV SOUND**

Simple harmonic motion - Composition of two SHMs along a straight line and at right angles - Lissajou's figures - Laws of transverse vibrations - verification by sonometer and Melde's string - Forced vibrations and resonance - Beats - Doppler effect - Velocity of sound in solids and gases – Theory and experiment - Ultrasonics - production, properties and applications - Acoustics of buildings

#### UNIT- V OPTICS AND SPECTROSCOPY

Spherical aberration - Chromatic aberration and their rectifications - Coma- Eyepiece - Ramsden's and Huygen's eyepieces - Interference - Colours of thin films - Newton's rings - Theory and experiment - diffraction - Fresnel's and Fraunhofer types - Zone plate - Diffraction grating - Prism- Grating spectra - dispersive and resolving power of a grating - Double refraction - Huygen's explanation - Nicol's prism - Quarter and half wave plates - Production and detection of plane, circular and elliptically polarized light - optical activity - Determination of specific rotatory power - Polarimeter

UV and IR Spectroscopy - Principle and application - Raman effect - Explanation of Raman effect on the basis of quantum theory - Applications of Raman effect - Optical fiber - Fiber optic sensors - Fiber optic communication systems and their advantages - Lasers - Population inversion - Ruby and Helium Neon Lasers and applications

#### **UNIT - VI WAVE MECHANICS**

De Broglie concept of wave theory- Wave velocity and group velocity- De Broglie relations – Heisenberg's uncertainty principle – Basic postulates of wave mechanics-Schrodinger's Wave equation - Eigen function and Eigen values- Particle in a box – Linear harmonic oscillator (one dimension only)

#### **UNIT - VII ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM**

Coublom's law - Permitivity of free space - Relative permitivity - Electric field - Intensity of field due to a point charge - Guass theorem and its application - Electric potential - Relation between potential and intensity - Electric dipole moment - potential and intensity due to a dipole - Capacitance - Capacity of a spherical, parallel and cylindrical capacitors - Energy of a charge capacitor - Dielectric constant - Ohm's law - Resistivity and conductivity - Internal resistance of a cell - EMF and Potential difference - Thermo Electricity - Peltier and Thomson Co Efficients - Laws of Electrolysis - Conductivity of an electrolyte Arrheinius theory of electrolytic conduction - Calculation of emf of Daneil cell as reversible cell

Magnetic field around a current carrying conductor - Biot and Savart's law - Ampere's law of magnetic force due to a current - Force between two current carrying parallel conductors- Force on an electron moving in a magnetic field - Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction - Self and mutual inductance - Induction coils and its uses - Eddy currents - Transformers - Energy losses - Skin effect - Advantages of AC distribution over DC - Dynamos and motors -

Magnetic poles - Magnetic moments - Susceptibility - Relation between susceptibility and permeability - Hysteresis - Dia, para, ferro magnetism - Electromagnetic waves in free space.

#### UNIT- VIII ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS AND ELECTRONICS

Kirchoff's laws for a loop and a junction - Measurements of circuit parameters (R,L and C) - AC circuits - Complex impedance and phase diagram - LCR Circuits - Series and parallel resonant circuits - Sharpness of resonance q factor.

Semiconductors - Energy band theory of solid - Insulators - Conductors and Semiconductors - Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors - Electrons and holes as charge carriers - P-type and N-type semiconductors - Junction diodes - Characteristics of a diode - Diode applications - Junction transistors - characteristic of transistors - Rectifier, Amplifier and oscillator circuits - AM and FM transmission with block diagrams - Basic principles of super heterodyne receiver with block diagram - Photo conductive cell - Photo diode - Solar cell - LED and LCD - construction and working T.V Camera - Vertical and Horizontal scanning - T.V Transmission and reception with block diagrams - T.V Antenna (Yogi type) - Colour TV - Three colour theory - Radar - Uses of radar.

Logic circuits - AND, OR, NOT NAND, NOR and EX-OR gates - Truth tables - Multivibrators - Astable multivibrators - Flip flop circuits (RS and JK flip flops)

#### **UNIT - IX MODERN PHYSICS**

Canal rays - e/m of positive ions - Thomson's parabola method - Aston's mass spectrograph - Plank's quantum theory of black body radiation - Photoelectric effect - photo electric multipliers - Einstein's equation for photo electric effect - Millikan's experiment - Determination of Plank's constant.

Bohr's theory of hydrogen atom - Spectra of Hydrogen and Hydrogen like atoms - Rydberg's constant - Spatial quantization - Sommerfeld atom model - Vector atom model-Seven quantum numbers - Pauli's exclusion principle - Examples of electronic configuration - Magnetic moment due to orbital motion and electron spin - Bohr magnetron - Experimental verification - Fine structure of sodium D Line - Zeeman effect - Anomalous Zeeman effect - Theoretical explanation

#### **UNIT-X NUCLEAR AND SOLID STATE PHYSICS**

Properties of nucleus - size, charge, mass and spin - Nuclear magnetic dipole moment - Binding energy - Packing fractions - Nuclear forces - Nuclear models - Shell model and liquid drop model - Nuclear reactions — Radio activity and induced radio activity- Artificial transmutation Techniques - Application of Radio isotopes - Discovery, Production and detection of neutron - Accelerators - Betatron - Proton Synchrotron - Particle Detectors - Ionization chamber - GM counter - Elementary particle — Baryons and Leptons — Cosmic rays

Structure of crystals - Periodicity and plane in crystal - Symmetry elements and symmetry groups - Classification of crystals - Unit cell and crystal types Bonding - ionic, covalent, metallic and Vander wall's- X-rays - Bragg's law and absorption of X rays - Mosley's law - Compton effect

# STATISTICS (DEGREE STANDARD)

SUBJECT CODE 274

#### UNIT- I

Uses, Scope and limitation of Statistics, Collection, Classification and Tabulation of data, Diagramatic and Graphical representation, Measures of location, dispersion, Skewness and Kurtosis – Correlation and regression – Curve Fitting – Linear and Quadratic equation by the method of least squares.

#### UNIT - II

Probability - Addition, Multiplication and Baye's Theorems and their application. Tchebychev's inequality. Random variables - Univariate and Bivariate - Probability distributions - Marginal and conditional distributions - Expectations - Moments and cumulants generating functions.

#### **UNIT - III**

Probability distributions – Binomial, Poisson, Geometric and Hypergeometric. Continuous distributions – Uniform, exponential and normal. Sampling distributions and standard error, student's 't', Chi-square and F statistic – distributions and their applications.

#### **UNIT - IV**

Estimation – Point estimation – properties of estimates Neyman – Fisher Factorization theorem(without proof) Cramer – Rao inequality, Rao – Blackwell theorem – MLE and method of Moments estimation – Interval estimation – for population mean and variance based on small and large samples.

#### UNIT - V

Tests of Hypothesis – Null and Alternative – Types of errors – Power of test, Neyman – Pearson lemma, UMP and Likelihood ratio tests, Test procedures for large and small samples – Independence of attributes, Chi-square test – Goodness of fit

#### **UNIT - VI**

Simple random sample – stratified, systematic, Cluster (Single stage) Estimation of mean and variance in SKS – Sample Survey – Organisation – CSO and NSSO – Sampling and Non-Sampling errors.

Analysis of Variance – Principles of design CRD, RBD and LSD – Factorial experiments  $2^2$ ,  $2^3$  and  $3^2$  (Without confounding) Missing plot techniques.

#### **UNIT- VII**

Concept of SQC – Control Charts – X, R, p and charts Acceptance sampling plan – single and double – OC curves Attributes and Variables plan.

OR Models – Linear Programming problems – Simplex method Dual – Primal, Assignment problems, Net work – CPM and PERT

#### **UNIT-VIII**

Time series – Different components – Trend and Seasonal Variations – Determination and elimination

# UNIT - IX Index Numbers - Construction and uses - Different kinds of simple and weighted index numbers - Reversal tests - construction and use of cost of living index numbers - Birth and death rates - Crude and standard death rates, Fertility rates - Life table construction and uses. UNIT - X Statistical Computing using Excel - Understanding on the usage of Statistical Packages including SPSS, MINITAB and SAS.

# WILDLIFE BIOLOGY (DEGREE STANDARD)

**SUBJECT CODE 291** 

#### UNIT - I SCOPE AND IMPORTANCE OF WILDLIFE OF INDIA

Definition of Wildlife: Causes of wildlife depletion; Economic importance of wildlife; need for wildlife conservation; rare, endangered, threatened and endemic species of fishes, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals in India- India as a mega wildlife diversity country.

#### UNIT - II FORESTRY, SILVICULTURE AND FOREST ENTOMOLOGY

Forest types in India- identification, dendrology; Deforestation & Impacts; Forest Inventory; Natural and artificial regeneration of forests; nursery techniques-seed-technology-Collection, storage, pretreatment and germination, establishment and tendings; Sylvicultural systems – Clear felling, uniform, shelter – selection, Coppice and conversion system; Agro forestry systems - Social/Urban Forestry- Joint Forest Management-Indian Forest Act 1927, Forest Conservation Act 1980; Harmful Insects and their role in forest economy: Insect pests of important trees of India -Teak, Sal and Bamboo; Beneficial Insects and their role in forest economy: Scavenger insects- dung beetles; Pollinators, Predatory insects, and parasitic insects on insect pests; control of forest insects.

#### UNIT - III BEHAVIOUR OF WILDLIFE

Instinctive behaviour-classical and modern concepts-fixed action pattern and ritualization; Learning-Imprinting-habituation. Analysis of behaviour pattern- taxis, kinesis and reflexes; Biological rhythms and bird migration; Types of animal communications; Courtship, display, sexual selection and parental care in mammals and birds; Social behaviour in animals - Honey bees, Elephants.

#### **UNIT – IV WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES**

Vegetative analyses – Point Centered Quadrat, Quadrat, Strip transect; GIS and Remote sensing in wildlife habitat surveys-Habitat manipulation: food, water, shade improvement; impact and removal of invasive alien species; Making observations and records: field notes, datasheets; Wildlife Photography - Types of cameras, camera traps; Field equipments-altimeter, pedometer, field compass, binoculars; radio collaring; GPS; GIS; Remote sensing in Wildlife management.

#### **UNIT - V WILDLIFE CENSUS TECHNIQUES**

Planning census – Total counts - Sample counts – Basic concepts and applications - Direct count (block count, transect methods, Point counts, visual encounter survey, waterhole survey); Indirect count (Call count, track and signs, pellet count, pugmark, camera trap)-Identifying animals based on indirect signs; Capture-recapture techniques.

#### UNIT - VI HUMAN WILDLIFE CONFLICTS

Basic concepts, reasons for conflicts, Identification of damages caused by wild animals and control measures; Case studies – Elephant, gaur, wild boar, monkey, tiger and leopard; Translocation of Wild animals – Principles, Methods and applications.

#### UNIT - VII HEALTH CARE OF WILDLIFE

Infectious wildlife diseases: Viral diseases: Rabies-Rinderpest-Foot and Mouth -Viral encephalitis-Yellow fever- Bacterial disease: Anthrax-Brucellosis - Clostridiosis - Listeriosis.

Protozoan disease: Trypanosomiasis -Toxoplasmosis-Babesiosis - Coccidiosis.

Helminth disease: Fasciolopsis – Schistosomiasis – Taeniosis - Hydatidosis

Non-infectious diseases of wild animals: Diseases of the digestive system: Stomatitis-catarrhal, gastroenteritis-haemorrhagic gastroenteritis; Respiratory system: Catarrhal, bronchopneumonia-exudative pleurisy; Excretory system: Paralysis of urinary bladder-urolithiasis;

## **UNIT – VIII CONSERVATION OF WILDLIFE**

*in-situ* and *ex-situ* conservation: Wildlife Sanctuaries, National Parks, Tiger Reserves and Biosphere reserves: Definition, formation, management and administration; Wildlife Projects: Tiger, Elephant, Lion and Hangul; Zoos and Zoological Parks: Definition- Aims of Zoos- Formation and Management of Zoos and Zoological Parks - Central Zoo Authority of India; Captive breeding: Aims, Principles, methods; Role of Government and Non-Governmental organizations in conservation;

#### UNIT IX MODERN CONCEPTS IN WILDLIFE CONSERVATION

Wildlife Crimes: Wildlife forensics and its applications in detecting wildlife crimes; Wildlife Toxicology: Types of contaminants, methods of toxicity evaluation, bioconcentration-bioaccumulation and biomagnifications; impacts of pesticides and heavy metals on birds and mammals; CAMP and PHVA – Analyses and Reports; Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) methods and their role in wildlife conservation.

#### **UNIT - X WILDLIFE ADMINISTRATION AND LEGISLATION:**

Administrative set up - Advisory bodies- National Board for Wildlife –Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 and its Amendments; Wildlife trade and regulations; Biodiversity Act 2000; Eco-Development, Eco- Restoration and Ecotourism programmes; Anti poaching operations – Village Forest Council (VFC).

# ZOOLOGY (DEGREE STANDARD)

#### SUBJECT CODE 270

#### UNIT - I

Non-Chordata: General organisation - Classification with diagnostic features upto classes. Evalutionary relationship among taxa, symmetry.

Protozoa: Structure, reproduction and life history of Amoeba, Paramecium, Trypanosoma, Plasmodium, Monocystis, Leishmania - locomotion, nutrition, economic importance. Porifera: Sponges canal system, skeleton, reproduction and economic importance.

Coelenterata: Diploblastic organization - life history of obelia and Aurelia, Metagenesis - Polymorphism in Hydrozoa. Corals and Coral formation - relationships of Cnidaria and Acnidaria. Helminthes: Structure and life history of Planaria, Fasciola, Teania, Ascaris and Wucheriria - parasitic adaptations - Helminthes in relation to man.

Annelida: Nereis, earthworm and leech - Coelom and metamerism - modes of life in polychactes. Onychophora: Structure, affinities and distribution of Peripatus.

Arthropoda: Prawn, Scorpion and Cockroach - Larval forms and parasitism in Crustacea - Mouth parts, vision, respiration and excretion. Metamorphosis and social life in insects.

Mollusca: Freshwater mussel, pila, sepia. Echinodermata: General organisation - Water vascular system. Larval forms and affinities.

#### UNIT - II

Prochordata: Amphioxus, Balanoglossus - Ascidian retrogressive Metamorphosis, neoteny and affinities.

Chordata: General Organisation - Characters, Outline, classification upto class level.

Pisces: Locomotion, migration, respiration, Parental care, economic importance; structure and affinities of dipnoi.

Amphibia: Origin of amphibians – Respiration, Parental care - South Indian amphibians.

Reptiles: Origin - Conquest of land - adaptations to live on land, adaptive radiation - Temporal Vacuities - identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes - poison apparatus – South Indian snakes.

Birds: Origin - flight adaptations - mechanism of flight - double respiration - migration - Flightless birds.

Mammals: Dentition, skin derivatives - distribution - adaptive radiation. Protothria, Metatheria, eutheria and their Phylogenetic relationships.

#### UNIT - III

Cell and Molecular Biology: Cellular Organelles - Structure and function - Plasma membrane, Mitochondria, Golgi bodies, Endoplasmic reticulum and Ribosomes - Nucleus and Nucleolus. Cell division, cell cycle; Chromosomes - DNA structure and function, replication of DNA, Genetic code - RNA and protein synthesis. Gene expression, regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes and Eukaryotes. Recombinant DNA - Genetic engineering, its uses in agriculture, industries and medicine.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Genetics: Mendelian concepts, multiple alleles, blood groups, Rh-factor. Linkage, crossing over - mutation (Natural and induced); Sex chromosomes, Sex determination and Sex Linked inheritance - Chromosome number and form ploidy - cytoplasmic inheritance - Karyo types - chromosome mapping, Normal and abnormal genetic disorders; Biochemical genetics - Eugenics. Human genome Project. Bio-statistics: Mean, Median and standard deviation. Bio-informatics: DNA and Protein sequence analysis, Prediction functional structure, protein folding, Phylogenetic tree construction.

## UNIT - V

Bio Chemistry: Bio-molecules, Structure and role of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and amino acids - Glycolysis and kreb's cycle - oxidation, reduction - oxidative phosphorylation - energy conservation and release, cyclic AMP, ATP; enzymes – mechanism; Hormones-classification biosynthesis and function.

Physiology: With reference to mammals, digestion, nutrition, balanced diet - assimilation, intermediary/metabolism. Composition of blood - Coagulation, Transport of oxygen, Carbon dioxide, Blood pigments, Mechanism of respiration. Muscles, mechanism of muscle contraction. Temperature regulation, Acid base balance and homeostasis, Nerve impulses and conduction, neurotransmitters.

Receptors- photo, phono and chemo reception. Nephron and urine formation. Endocrine glands, testis, ovary and pituitary organs and their inter relationship. Physiology of reproduction in humans, Hormonal development in insects, pheromones and their uses. Bioluminescence. Biological clock. Physiology of immune response- Antigens – Immuno globulins - humoral and cell mediated immunity. T and B cells, mechanism of antibody formation - Immunodeficiency diseases; vaccination.

#### UNIT - VI

Development Biology: Gametogenesis – fertilization, Pathenogenesis, type of eggs – blastulation, cleavage and gastrulation in frog and chick. Morphogenetic movements – organizer, potency, organogenesis with reference to ear, eye, kidney, brain. Formation and fate of extra embryonic membranes in chick.

Plancentation- types, functions. - metamorphosis in Frog - Regeneration. Stem cells-sources, types and their uses in human welfare, IVF, embryo transfer and cloning - Aging and senescence.

#### UNIT - VII

Environmental Biology: Biotic and abiotic factors, their role, Intra and inter specific association. Biogeochemical cycles. Ecosystem- structure and function of ecosystems, types of ecosystems. Ecological succession, Community structure - Stratification. Population and Population dynamic - Habitat ecology. Wild life, need for conservation management and methods of conservation. Sanctuaries with special reference to Tamil Nadu. Pollution - air, water and land - Perspective policy planning for the environment.

#### **UNIT - VIII**

Evolution: Origin of life - Evolutionary theories - Contributions of Lamarck, Darwin and De Vries - present status of Darwinism and Lamarkism - modern synthetic concept - Hardy Weinberg Law - Polymorphism and mimicry in evolution. Speciation: evolutionary species concept - Isolation, mechanisms and their role, role of hybridization in evolution. Fossils and Fossilization, Indian fossils, Geological time scale. Origin and evolution of horse and man - Culture evolution and Biochemical evolution.

Animal distribution: Zoogeographical distribution - Continental and island fauna - Continental drift - Discontinuous distribution, adaptive radiation. Natural resources and their conservation. Alternative sources of energy.

#### **UNIT - IX**

Economic Zoology: Parasitism and Commensalism - Protozoan Parasites and diseases, helminthes parasites and diseases of man and domestic animals; Beneficial and harmful insects. Insect pests on crops and stored products - Control methods. IPM. Sericulture, apiculture, lac culture, seaweed culture, vermiculture, - oyster culture and pearl formation, poultry, pisciculture and induced breeding, Shell fisheries, Aquaculture practices in Tamil Nadu and their impact on the environment and on agriculture.

#### **UNIT-X**

Instrumentation and Bio-techniques: Microscopy-Phase contrast, fluorescent, TEM, SEM. Colorimetric techniques, Centrifugation techniques. Fixation, staining techniques. Electrophoretic techniques: Principles, AGE and PAGE. DNA finger printing, RFLP, RAPD and AFLP.

## PAPER – III GENERAL STUDIES TOPICS FOR OBJECTIVE TYPE

#### **UNIT - I GENERAL SCIENCE**

PHYSICS Universe-General Scientific laws-Scientific instruments-Inventions and discoveries-National scientific laboratories-Science glossary-Mechanics and properties of matter-Physical quantities, standards and units-Force, motion and energy-Electricity and Magnetism, Electronics and Communication -Heat, light and sound-Atomic and nuclear physics-Solid State Physics – Spectroscopy- Geophysics - Astronomy and space science CHEMISTRY Elements and Compounds-Acids, bases and salts-Oxidation and reduction-Chemistry of ores and metals-Carbon, nitrogen and their compounds-Fertilizers, pesticides, insecticides-Biochemistry and biotechnology-Electrochemistry-Polymers and plastics

BOTANY-Main Concepts of life science-The cell-basic unit of life-Classification of living organism-Nutrition and dietetics-Respiration-Excretion of metabolic waste-Biocommunication

ZOOLOGY-Blood and blood circulation-Endocrine system-Reproductive system-Genetics the science of heredity-Environment, ecology, health and hygiene, Bio- diversity and its conservation-Human diseases-Communicable diseases and non- communicable diseases- prevention and remedies- Alcoholism and drug abuse-Animals, plants and human life

#### **UNIT- II CURRENT EVENTS**

HISTORY--Latest diary of events — National--National symbols-Profile of States-Defence, national security and terrorism-World organizations-pacts and summits-Eminent persons & places in news-Sports & games-Books & authors -Awards & honours-Cultural panorama-Latest historical events-- India and its neighbours-- Latest terminology- Appointments-who is who?

POLITICAL SCIENCE -1. India's foreign policy-2. Latest court verdicts – public opinion-3. Problems in conduct of public elections-4. Political parties and political system in India-5. Public awareness & General administration-6. Role of Voluntary organizations & Govt.,-7. Welfare oriented govt. schemes, their utility

GEOGRAPHY Geographical landmarks-Policy on environment and ecology— ECONOMICS--Current socio-economic problems-New economic policy & govt. sector SCIENCE-Latest inventions on science & technology-Latest discoveries in Health Science-Mass media & communication

#### UNIT - III GEOGRAPHY

Earth and Universe-Solar system-Atmosphere hydrosphere, lithosphere-Monsoon, rainfall, weather and climate-Water resources --- rivers in India-Soil, minerals & natural resources-Natural vegetation-Forest & wildlife-Agricultural pattern, livestock & fisheries-Transport including Surface transport & communication-Social geography – population-density and distribution-Natural calamities – disaster management-Climate change - impact and consequences - mitigation measures-Pollution Control

#### UNIT - IV HISTORY AND CULTURE OF INDIA

Pre-historic events--Indus valley civilization-Vedic, Aryan and Sangam age-Maurya dynasty-Buddhism and Jainism-Guptas, Delhi Sultans, Mughals and Marathas-Age of Vijayanagaram and the bahmanis-South Indian history-Culture and Heritage of Tamil people-Advent of European invasion-Expansion and consolidation of British rule-Effect of British rule on socio-economic factors-Social reforms and religious movements-India since independence-Characteristics of Indian culture-Unity in diversity –race, colour, language, custom-India-as secular state-Organizations for fine arts, dance, drama, music-Growth of rationalist, Dravidian movement in TN-Political parties and populist schemes- Prominent personalities in the various spheres – Arts, Science, literature and Philosophy – Mother Teresa, Swami Vivekananda, Pandit Ravishankar , M.S.Subbulakshmi, Rukmani Arundel and J.Krishnamoorthy etc.

#### **UNIT-V INDIAN POLITY**

Constitution of India-. Preamble to the constitution- Salient features of constitution-Union, State and territory-Citizenship-rights amend duties-Fundamental duties- Human rights charter-Union legislature - Parliament- State executive- State Legislature - assembly- Status of Jammu & Kashmir- Local government – panchayat raj – Tamil Nadu- Judiciary in India – Rule of law/Due process of law- Indian federalism – center – state relations-. Emergency provisions- Civil services in India- Administrative challenges in a welfare state- Complexities of district administration-Elections - Election Commission Union and State. Official language and Schedule-VIII-Amendments to constitution- Schedules to constitution-. Administrative reforms & tribunals- Corruption in public life- Anti-corruption measures - Central Vigilance - Comptroller and Auditor General of India-Commission, lok-adalats, Ombudsman, Right to information - Central and State Commission- Empowerment of women- Voluntary organizations and public grievances Redressal- Consumer protection forms

#### UNIT- VI INDIAN ECONOMY

Nature of Indian economy-Need for economic planning-Five-year plan models-an assessment-Land reforms & agriculture-Application of science in agriculture-Industrial growth-Capital formation and investment-Role of public sector & disinvestment-Development of infrastructure- National income- Public finance & fiscal policy- Price policy & public distribution- Banking, money & monetary policy- Role of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)- WTO-globalization & privatization- Rural welfare oriented programmes-Social sector problems — population, education, health, employment, poverty-HRD — sustainable economic growth- Economic trends in Tamil Nadu -Energy Different sources and development- Finance Commission -Planning Commission- National Development Council

#### UNIT-VI INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT

National renaissance-Early uprising against British rule-1857 Revolt- Indian National Congress-Emergence of national leaders-Gandhi, Nehru, Tagore, Nethaji -Growth of militant movements -Different modes of agitations-Era of different Acts & Pacts-World war & final phase struggle-Communalism led to partition-Role of Tamil Nadu in freedom

struggle - Rajaji, VOC, Periyar, Bharathiar & Others-Birth of political parties /political system in India since independence

#### **UNIT - VII APTITUDE & MENTAL ABILITY TESTS**

Conversion of information to data-Collection, compilation and presentation of data - Tables, graphs, diagrams-Parametric representation of data-Analytical interpretation of data - Simplification-Percentage-Highest Common Factor (HCF)-Lowest Common Multiple (LCM)-Ratio and Proportion-Simple interest-Compound interest-Area-Volume-Time and Work-Behavioral ability -Basic terms, Communications in information technology-Application of Information and Communication Technology (ICT)- Decision making and problem solving-Logical Reasoning-Puzzles-Dice-Visual Reasoning-Alpha numeric Reasoning-Number Series-Logical Number/Alphabetical/Diagrammatic Sequences-

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## ANNEXURE-III



#### **Abstract**

Social Welfare and Nutritious Meal Programme Department – Third Gender Welfare – Determination of the Community and Reservation in Employment for Third Gender – Orders – Issued.

## Social Welfare and Nutritious Meal Programme [SW8 (2)] Department

G.O.(Ms) No.90

Dated 22.12.2017 ஹேவிளம்பி, மார்கழி 7 திருவள்ளுவர் ஆண்டு 2048

#### Read:

- G.O. (Ms) No.127, Labour and Employment Department, dated 27.10.2014
- G.O. (Ms) No.28, Backward Classes, Most Backward Class and Minorities Welfare Department, Dated 06.04.2015
- G.O. (Ms) No.71, Social Welfare and Nutritious Meal Programme Department, Dated 06.11.2015

#### Read also:

- From the Secretary, Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission, D.O.Letter No.4471/RND-D2/2013, dated 12.07.2016
- From the Director of Social Welfare, Letter Roc.No.21096/WW.1(3)/ 2017, dated 31.07.2017

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*

#### ORDER:-

In the Government Order first read above, orders were issued that Third Gender may register their names in Employment Exchange offices based on the certificate identifying them as Transgender issued by the Tamil Nadu Transgender Welfare Board (TGWB) and to sponsor their names for appointment in the vacancies reserved for women category namely 30% and as well as vacancies reserved for General Category (both Men and Women) namely 70%.

- In the Government Order second read above, orders were issued classifying the "Transgender of Eunuch (Thirunangai or Aravani)" as Most Backward Class by including at SI.No.36-C in the list of Most Backward Classes.
- 3. In the Government Order third read above, among other things orders were issued, that Transgender will be identified as 'Third Gender' apart from the Binary Gender System and they have the right to decide their self-identified gender as male or female or as the third gender.
- 4. The Secretary, Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission in the D.O. letter fourth read above has sought for following clarifications in this matter with regard to:-
  - (i) Considering the Transgender under 30% reservation for Women

- (ii) Treating the Transgender candidates who have claimed communal status under Scheduled Caste/ Scheduled Caste (A)/ Scheduled Tribe by producing respective Community Certificate confirming their claim.
- 5. After careful examination, in consultation with the concerned departments and the Director of Social Welfare, the Government hereby issue the following order regarding the determination of community and reservation in employment for the Third Gender in order to streamline the procedures to be followed by the recruiting agencies like Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission, Teachers Recruitment Board, Uniformed Services Recruitment Board, Medical Recruitment Board, etc., and Employment Exchange offices / appointing authorities, in sponsoring / recruiting / selecting the Third Gender candidates for appointment in Government Service:-

## **Determination of the Community:-**

- (i) The Third Gender candidates, who do not possess any community certificate may be considered under Most Backward Class as per G.O.(Ms).No.28, Backward Classes, Most Backward Class and Minorities Welfare Department, dated 06.04.2015.
- (ii) The Third Gender candidates who belong to Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Caste (A)/Scheduled Tribe communities, and possess community certificate as such, may be considered as per their respective community.
- (iii) The Third Gender candidates who belong to the communities other than Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Caste (A)/Scheduled Tribe and possess community certificate as such (not covered under point (i) above) may be considered as per their own community or as Most Backward Class whichever is advantageous to them as per their option and once the individual exercises option for community selection it should be crystallized and this option should not be changed in future.

## Reservation in Employment:-

- (i) The Third Gender candidates who identify themselves as "Female" by self-declaration supported by the certificate (ID card) issued by the Tamil Nadu Third Gender Welfare Board (TNTGWB) may be considered against both 30% reservation for women as well as 70% reservation for the General category (both Men & Women).
- (ii) The Third Gender candidates, who identify themselves as "Male" or "Third Gender", may be considered against the 70% reservation for General category (both Men & Women) as the case may be.

The above concessions may be granted subject to production of certificate identifying them as Third Gender or Third Gender (Male) or Third Gender (Female) issued by the Tamil Nadu Third Gender Welfare Board (TNTGWB), as the case may be.

(By Order of the Governor)

K. Manivasan, Principal Secretary to Government

To
The Director of Social Welfare, Chennai-15
The Commissioner of Social Defence, Chennai-10

The Director, Integrated Child Development Services Scheme, Chennai-113

The Secretary, Tamil Nadu Public Service

Commission, Chennai-3

All District Collectors

All Departments of the Secretariat, Chennai-9

The Commissioner of Backward Classes and Minorities Welfare, Chennai-5

The Director of Most Backward Class and Denotified Communities, Chennai-5

The Director of Adi Dravidar Welfare, Chennai-5

The Director of Tribal Welfare, Chennai-5

The Member Secretary, Tamil Nadu Backward Classes Commission, Chennai-4

The Teacher Recruitment Board, Chennai-6

The Tamil Nadu Uniformed Services Recruitment

Board, Chennai-8

The Medical Services Recruitment Board, Chennai -6

The Director of Employment and Training, Chennai-32

The Secretary to Government of India, Ministry of Social

Justice and Empowerment, New Delhi

## Copy to:

The Hon'ble Chief Minister's Office, Chennai-9

The Senior Personal Assistant to the Minister for Social Welfare and Nutritious Meal Programme, Chennai-9

All Sections in Social Welfare and Nutritious Meal Programme Department, Chennai-9 Stock file/Spare copy

// Forwarded by Order //

Section Officer

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